THE BEE

WASHINGTON

VOL. XXIX NO 41 WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY MARCH 6, 1909

Negro Dav Draws

THOUSANDS TO STATE FAIR

One of the Most Notable Addresses Ever Delivered Here by a Colored Man Was That by Dr Dancy

Tampa, Florida, Feb. 26—With thousands of people, white and colored on the grounds, yesterday, Negro day proved the biggest day of the Florida State Fair with the exception of Bryan day. For the first time in the history of the state the Negroes were given an opportunity to demonstrate their progress along all lines, as the day was especially set apart for them by the fair management. Everyone pronounced the day a success from every standpoint, and it reflects considerable credit to the fair management that everything went off so smoothly and with so much enthusiasm.

The weather was ideal for the occasion, and this guaranteed a much larger attendance than would have otherwise resulted. In the morning a parade of the school children was formed at the Odd Fellow's hall, Scott street and Central, which marched to the fair grounds reaching there about 11 o'clock. This was the signal for a general gathering at the grounds, and thousands gathered at the grandstand where an address was delivered by Dr. John C. Dancey, recorder of deeds, who came to the city from Washington, District of Columbia, especially to be present at Negro day.

In his address Dr. Dancey expressed his gratification for the opportunity of addressing the colored people of Florida and reviewing with them the progress which has been made by the Negro race in the forty-four years since emancipation. He declared that Florida, the "Land of Flowers" to which the people came from all over the world for the purpose of regaining their health, still possessed the fountain of youth for which Ponce DeLeon sought. He reviewed the growth of Florida in the past few years and commented on the improvements made at Pensacola, Jacksonville and Tampa. He spoke of Tampa in particular, declaring that no city in the south has made greater strides forward than Tampa, the greatest cigar manufacturing city in the world.

Have Done Their Duty

Speaking of the enormous part which manufacturing has played in the development of the South since the war, the speaker declared that the colored people had done their full share in the development. Tampa, he stated, is a more cosmopolitan city than any other in the South, embracing every important nationality of the world, each of which is doing its part towards founding the future greatness of the city. In speaking of the rapid strides made by the colored people, the speaker related an anecdote about a Georgian who had never seen a locomotive. He would not believe that it would go even after examining it. Finally the engineer started it off and the engine rapidly went out of sight. The farmer then expressed his views that "the blame thing would never stop." Dr. Dancey declared that it is the same way with the colored people.

Dr. Dancey then highly complimented the fair association for the opportunity they so generously gave to the Negroes of Florida to show the world what they have been doing the past forty-four years; the large crowd present enthusiastically attesting their approval for the opportunity afforded. The interests of the two races, the speaker contended, are identical; harm to one means harm to the other; help to one race means a corresponding benefit to the other race. He compared the situation in this regard to that presented by capital and labor, the latter feeling the benefit of a prosperous season experienced by the others; a slump of labor means a slump for capital.

Pay Much Taxes

The Negroes, since the civil war, the speaker declared, have contributed millions of dollars annually to the nation's prosperity He stated that the Negroes have contributed more to the nation's wealth under freedom than under slavery; when there were four millions of them, they produced only four million bales of cotton; now they are ten millions of them and they produce twelve million bales annually. The Negro is helping himself in the erection of homes, the cultivation of farms, the establishing of banks, the building of churches and the improvement of schools, developing the industrial resources of the entire nation. Beginning at nothing in 1865, the census of 1900 showed a wealth of $100,000,000, with 18,000 teachers in schools, instructing 3,000,000 children. Where there were only untrained men in the pulpits at the close of the war, now there are 5,000 trained ministers; there are 1,000 lawyers who have been trained since the war and 1,500 physicians where there were not a dozen in 1865. One of the largest silk factories in the world, at Fayettsville, North Carolina, is manned, controlled and operated by colored people. This factory employes 5,000 people.

In illustrating how closely the colored people are following in the steps of progress made by the white race, Dr. Dancey told a story about two men who went to a haunted house, neither believing in ghosts. When something actually appeared, both took to their heels and ran as fast as they could a distance of a mile and a half until a house was reached. One of the men had a wooden leg, but he reached the house right after the other man and in time to prevent the door being closed in his face. The Negro race, the speaker contended, is following right behind the white people, and doesn't propose to have the door shut in its face.

Takes Hard Work

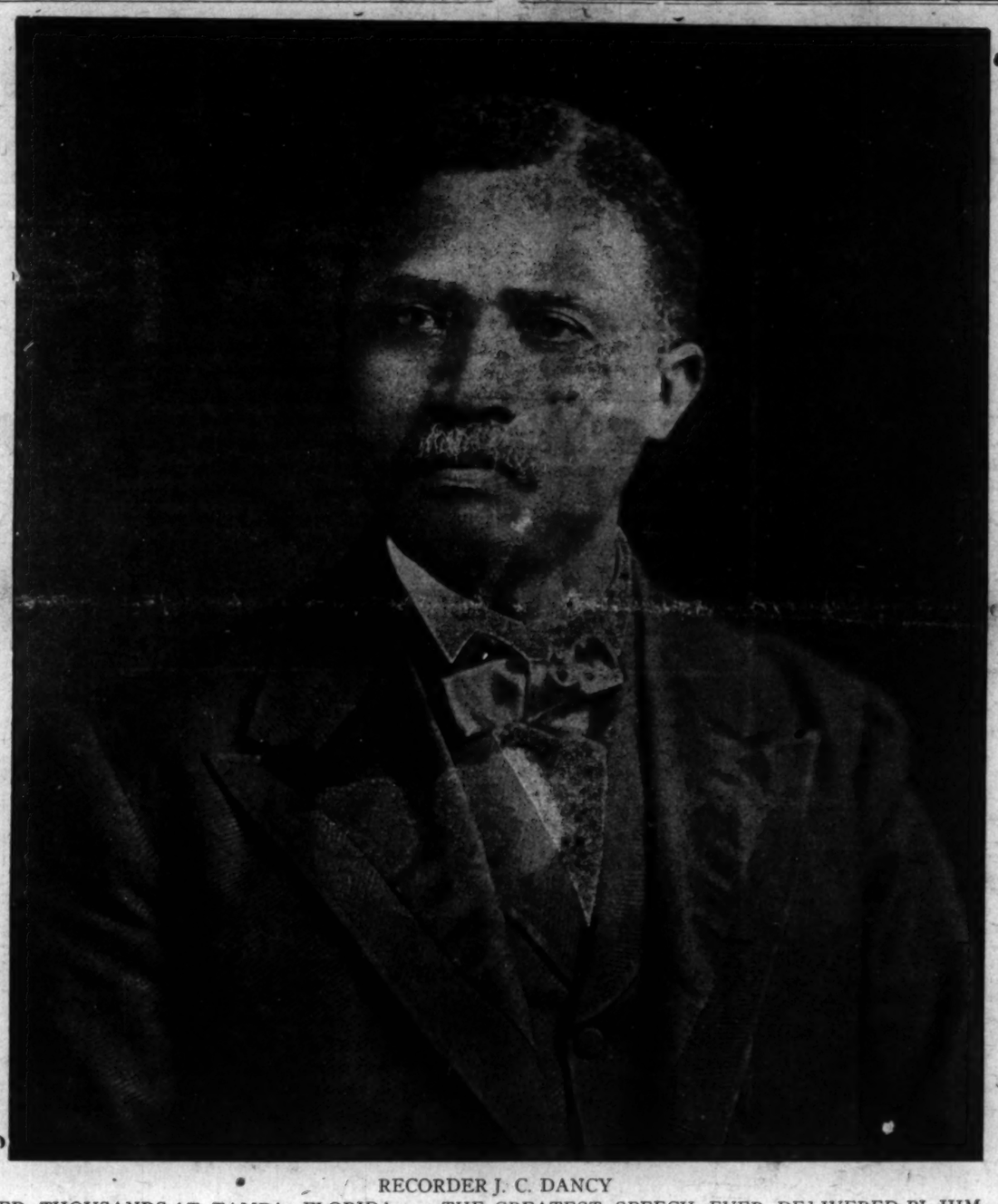
In the development of the inexhaustible resources of the greatest country on earth, it takes constant, unflagging hard labor at the hands of all the people, and every race must be given an opportunity to aid in the great work. The colored man must play his part. Every people's greatness, according to Dr. Dancey, must be largely judged by their aptness and skill at the arts, which are now being largely taught in the public schools. In its claims to greatness along this line, the race can present such names as Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the poet; Douglas Price and Booker Washington, orators; Tanner, the painter; Taylor, the musician.

Dr. Dancey declared that the Negro exhibits at the state fair attest the great skill of the colored people along all lines, and that this is only a beginning, a mere phophecy of what is to come hereafter. The people's actions are the result of previous thought, and what achievements are now evident are the result of past thoughtfuiness. Speaking of February, the speaker declared that the month has ben honored by the birth of three great men, George Washington, Abraham Lincoln, and Fred Douglas. All of these were products of the soil. Complete development must come from such cultivation. The factory and the farm and industrial life generally is the great arena of the future for the colored race in which its greatest triumphs will be made known.

At ten o'clock last night a banquet was served in Dr. Dancey's honor by leading colored citizens at the Odd Fellows' hall, Scott and Central, where several hundred people attended. Merriment was carried on until a late hour. The following toasts were proposed: The Florida State Fair, G. S. Middleton, president of the Negro department; the Clergy, Rev. J. B. Green; the Layman, G. H. Sheehy; Our Teachers, Mrs. M. C. Meacham; Our Professional Men, Dr. M. J. Anderson; Our Young People, Miss B. M. Armwood; Our Guest, J. N. Clinton; Our Government, Dr. John C. Dancey; the Ladies, J. T. King. The toastmaster was A. J. Ferrell, who performed his duties to the satisfaction of all.

Dr. Dancey expressed himself as being much impressed with what he had seen in this city and with the cordial reception which he has received from the colored people. "I am much pleased," he said last night. "I have been wined and dined and shown a good time ever since I arrived. I meant just what I said about Tampa in my speech. The city certainly has a great future."

Dr. Dancey will leave over the Seaboard this morning for Washington in order to be present at the inauguration of President-elect Taft.



RECORDER J. C. DANCY

HE ADDRESSED THOUSANDS AT TAMPA, FLORIDA. — THE GREATEST SPEECH EVER DELIVERED BL HIM.

CRUM RESIGNS POST

Would Not, He Says, Like to Embarrass Mr. Taft.

QUITS WITH MR. ROOSEVELT

Identified With the Outgoing Administration, the Colored Collector at Charleston Declares He Desires to "Retire With His Chief"—No Charges Against Him, but Confirmation Is Again Held Up.

Charleston, S. C., March 1,—With the resignation of Dr. William D. Crum as collector of customs at this port, the resignation to take effect March 4, a situation which threatened to cause President-elect Taft considerable embarrassment is avoided. No appointment made by President Roosevelt during either of his administrations has given rise to as much discussion as that of Dr. Crum,, and whose appointment at Charleston was vigorously opposed because of the fact that he is a Negro.

A long and hard fight against his confirmation was made by Senator Tillman and others when he was first named for the position by President Roosevelt in 1903, and within the last few weeks, following his reappointment, Senator Tillman has conducted a successful filibuster against his confirmation by the Senate.

Resignation Voluntary.

Dr. Crum says that no pressure has been brought to bear upon him now to cause him to resign, but that he does so in part because he wishes to save Mr. Taft, for whom he entertains great respect, from any possible embarrassment as to his reappointment, and chiefly because he feels that he has been especially identified with President Roosevelt's administration and he wishes to retire with his chief.

In his letter to President Roosevelt, after thanking the President for appointing him six years ago, and for renominating him recently for a second term, he says:

"Since assuming the duties of this position I have striven diligently to justify the confidence imposed in me. During all these years, so far as I know, not a single charge has been brought against my moral character or a single adverse criticism made in regard to the performance of my official duties.

"I wish further to add that those employed in this office under me, composed of both races, have been at all times courteous, kind, and interested, and we have all worked together to make the office work successful and satisfactory.

Godspeed to the President.

"Before closing, I feel that I shou'd add that during all these years I have been treated with kindness and courtesy by all those who have had official business with the office, and have not had unplesant contact with anyone in the city.

"In conclusion, permit me to thank you again for the trust imposed, and to wish you as you end your official career, a hearty godspeed and long life."

A GREAT SERMON

Every available space in the 19th Street Baptist Church was filled last Sunday morning with a distinguished congregation to listen to the eloquent Dr. Brooks who delivered the most eloquent and scholarly discourse that one would desire to hear. This well known pastor never fails to interest his congregation. His sermon last Sabbath was one of the best that has been delivered for some time.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

There are still many visitors in the city who were here to the inauguration.

The committee in charge of the festivities in connection with the inauguration of Mr. Taft, deserves unlimited praise for the success.

The St. Luke organization held an enthusiastic meeting last Tuesday evening at Second Baptist church.

Mr. Roosevelt may not have pleased everybody, but if his conscience is at ease, he did his duty.

Mr. Taft is President of the entire union and should not be censured for doing all he can for the betterment of all sections.

Superintendent William A. White, of the Government Hospital, has asked Congress to change the name of the institution because many persons dislike the publicity given their family connections in sending letters to an "Insane Hospital" through the mail.

The parents and their friends of North Newport News, Virginia, have formed an organization for the purpose of raising money to extend the length of the school term. May success crown their efforts.

Mrs. Anna B. Jones, the grandmother of Bishop Lampton, who died quite recently, was, according to reports, a centenarian, being 101 years old at the time of her death.

The English authoress, Charlotte Mansfield, in her journey from Cape Town, South Africa, to Cairo, Egypt, about 5000 miles, expects to meet Mr. Roosevelt somewhere in the jungles. She will be accompanied by native guides.

The institutional department of the First Congregational church, Atlanta, Georgia, has been intrusted to Miss Marie Woolfolk, a graduate of Howard University.

The Nashville Clarion says hundreds of men lose their right to vote, not on account of the laws of disfranchisement in Tennessee, but because they will not pay their poll taxes nor will they register.

Thomas Ford was killed last week in Chicago by Jenks Parker. Both men are descended rom Ham, and the woman in the affair is a Caucasian.

J. Franklin, white, and R. Ford, colored, shot each other to death last week in El Dorado, Arkansas, and the woman in this affair was a Negress.

Two of a kind. Take your choice.

Among the subjects discussed at the Farmer's Conference, held at Tuskegee, last month was the following: "How can we succeed in keeping our women who are not engaged in business off the streets and away from public places?"

Notwithstanding it was not permitted on former occasions, it seemed quite the proper thing for the wife of the President and the wife of the Vice President to be in the carriage with their husbands to and from the Capitol last Thursday.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani paid her last call on Ex-President Roosevelt last Tuesday and gave him a new book written by her entitled "Hawaii by Hawaii's Queen."

It is stated on good authority that George Walker, of William's and Walker's show, has been placed in a New York sanitarium, in a demented condition, to receive treatment.

"Bandanna Land" was being played in Dayton, Ohio, at the time of the break down of Mr. Walker.

Health Officer William C. Woodward has issued a warning to women against using mixtures for dressing the hair, "containing a large percentage of naptha."

REV. MASON

There was a large and representative audience present to greet Rev. James E. Mason of Rochester, New York, at True Reformers' Hall, last Sunday afternoon, the occasion being the regular meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Rev. Mason is an eloquent talker and a man of many brilliant parts.

Read The Bee.

FAIR STAR OF THE MORNING.

O STERN MEINER HOFFNUNG.

J. J. CALLAVAN. JAQUES MENDELSOHN.

Andante. mp
Fair star of the morn - ing, How pure is thy beam,
O Stern mei - ner Hoffnung! Wie rein ist dein Strahl!
p legato il canto espress.
p
crescendo.
Though the spir - it of dark - ness Half shad - ow its gleam! In the host of yon
Ob die Ger - ster des Schat - tens Auch dun - keln das Thal, Doch am Him - mel da
cresc.
f
heav - en, No bright one doth shine With glo - ry more pure - ly Re
dro - ben Kein an - drer wohl lacht So glän - zend, so rein Und

poco rit.
mp
fair - gent..... than thine.
hell - lich..... an Macht.
a tempo.
And now when the storms Of
Wenn einst auch die Stür - me Der
dim.
p
Fate o - ver - cast With dim and dark shad - ows My Pres - ent and
Nacht ü - ber - zieh'n Mit schrecklichem Grau - en Mein Le - ben und
cresc. al
f
mf
Past, The rays of thy light On my Fu - ture let shine, With
Müh'n, Der Strahl des - nes Lichts Mei - ner Zu - kunft bring Ruh' Mit
cresc.
f
mf
hopes so pure And so bright..... of thine.
Hoffnung so herr - lich Und rein..... wie Du.
f
dim. smorzando.

Copyright, 1906, by The American Melody Co., New York

Remove the dandruff if you want fine lustrous hair. Give your hair a chance to thrive by using

ED. PINAUD'S

(Eau de Quinine)

HAIR TONIC

Beautiful women in the world of fashion keep their hair healthy and beautiful by regular use of this peerless French preparation.

Try it for yourself—simply send us 10c. (to pay postage and packing) and we will send you enough for three applications—Write to-day.

Write for Free Pocket Mirror and Beauty Book

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD

ED. PINAUD BLDG. DEPT. M 13 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK

W.B. Reduso CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduso No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil, hose supporters front and sides Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 773, is the same as No. 772, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

Reduso $3.22

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-subduing" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs., 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Boer Farmer Boys Make Good Shots On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Pietersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-year-old son of Jozef Erasmus, a Boer farmer. It appears that young Erasmus was on his way to the Messina mine and had outpanned his donkey team, when his kaffir boy came running to tell him that three lions were tackling the donkeys. Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard in the direction indicated. On his arrival at the spot he found the lions lying around one of the donkeys. He fired and killed a big lioness. The other two jumped up but he was ready and shot another (younger) lioness. The young lion which was left ran behind some brushwood. Erasmus first collected his donkeys and brought them into safety and then once more carefully approached the scene of the fight. In order to find out if the two lionesses were dead he fired another shot at one of them. This disturbed the surviving lion who thereupon came forth roaring. Erasmus was again ready and shot him dead on the spot. Asked by the Volkesstem correspondent whether he was alone at the time, Erasmus replied; "Oh, no, Oom,' I had my little Kaffir boy, with me.'—The skins were sold in Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Poisonous Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head viper, "the most deadly of all know reptiles," brought from Brazil to New York for the purpose of an operation which will give a serum that is practically extinct. There are several singularly interesting snakes in Brazil. The suru cucu is supposed to cause death in six hours. It is somotimes found nine feet long. Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with dark brown lozenges on the back. It is said to be attracted by fire but seldom to injure travellers. The fiercest of the lance-headed vipers is the Jararoca, and it, also, it a dirty yellow, but it is brown-black about the tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Moki Indian women of Arizona have an ingenious and romantic form of coiffure. When young these women coil their tresses at the sides of their heads, so as to represent the buds of a native plant. This signifies that they themselves are in the flush of youth and of marriageable age. When they are married their hair is arranged to represent the fruit of the plant; while in old age their locks hang straggling down their backs, typical of the withered stalk of the dead or dying plant.—

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridegroomes.

The vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Entwisle of Salem shows that during 1907 there were 479 marriage licenses issued and 306 solemnized in the city, which is 18 fewer than the previous year. The oldest brigegroom was 68 and the oldest bride 50, while the youngest bridegroom was 16 and the youngest bride 15. Seventy-one brides were older than the bridegrooms.—Boston Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.

"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan. it is made from the soja bean. The liquid is exactly like cow's milk in appearance, and in taste can hardly be distinguished from it. To make it the beans are first soaked and then boiled in water. Some sugar and phosphate potassium are added, and it is boiled down till it has the consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.

At an auction sale at Christie's in London of the late Marchioness of Conyngham's art collection a silver ewer and dish, weighing together 90 ounces, a gift of George IV to an ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for $21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.

A Massachusetts boy, Nathan Sampson, has found a venerable turtle which bears markings made by his grandfather, now 81 years old, which were put on in 1840, and by his great-grandfather, who marked the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly Mixed.

The story is now going the rounds of the country papers about a man who visited the paying-teller's window in a bank and asked for one of the new coins with "God Bless Our Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.

Bull fighters receive $417 per hour, and the occupation is so healthful that unless killed by accident its followers invariably reach a green old age.

Newspapers in Persia

Persian newspapers are reproduced from handwriting by lithography, no types being used.

Viennas Beggars.

Vienna has 32,000 street beggars, and many of them make a better living than workmen.

It has been estimated that a London fog weighs 3,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone at any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost.

BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

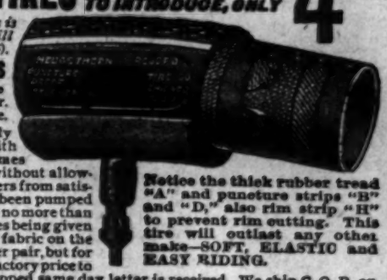
COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.



Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a **cash discount** of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send **FULL CASH WITH ORDER** and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at **OUR** expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it **NOW.**

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

YOU WILL BE PROUD OF A KENYON OVERCOAT

because it never loses its shape until you need a new one. Style and Fit—as well as wearing quality—are never lacking in Coats that bear the Kenyon label. They are the kind of Overcoats that not only feel comfortable and cosy—but look right all the time.

Kenyon OVERCOATS

It's the Way They're Made

Kenyon Overcoats are made in a factory — not a sweatshop—where the art of coat-making has reached perfection. Only tested fabrics are used, and every part is carefully made by an expert workman. Ask your dealer.

C. KENYON CO., 22 UNION SQUARE NEW YORK CITY

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show gullible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a $20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharper $500, or at least $250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitations that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignoramus is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money.

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall of an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily swayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swinging frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge coypu rat and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. Among the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma. Likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate lagoons, where it may often be observed statuesque on one leg and wrapped in prospection.—Scotsman.

The Gingko Tree.

Studies by Miss M. C. Stopes of the fossil flora of Scotland have shown that the gingko or maidenhair, tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the gingko, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Brora, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaited Skirts.

Plaited skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for woolen skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run in basting thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plaits. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each leat can readily be determined, and the pressing done successfully.

Balzac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balzac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balzac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit, as they would be of little use to an animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was started to make quill pens, but when these went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK-

MADAM ROBINSON

A Beautiful Hair Dressing and Tonic for the Hair!

Read what Madam Robinson, the Famous Black Patti Queen of the Opera, says of Kink-ine

PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, Dear Sir:
I have used your Kink-ine for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vaselines on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MME. ROBINSON.

Kink-ine Hair Dressing is a *delightful perfumed* tonic *prepared* largely for the use of *colored people;* is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes *harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky* and *glossy,* enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c. and I will send same to you, prepaid.

FREE OFFER

SPECIAL OFFER.—To prove the quality and superiority of our goods over all others, we will sell one full-size bottle of Kink-ine, price 35 cents, one cake of Kink-ine Soap, the best shampoo and Toilet Soap in the world, price 25 cents, both for only 50 cents, or six bottles and six cakes of soap for $2.00. Special offer good only at the following stores:

Henry Evins, 928 F street northwtst. F. A. Tschiffeley, 485 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. William H. Davis, 2001 Eleventh street northwest.

R. Ballinger, Prop 343 W 14th St New York City

Go to
HOLMES' HOTEL,
No. 333 Virginia Ave., S.W

Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.

Good Rooms and Lodging, 50., 75c. and $1.00. Comfortably Heated by Steam. Give us a Call
James Otoway Holmes, Prop.
Washington, D. C.
Main Phone 2316.

THE BEE AND McCALL'S GREAT FASHION MAGAZINE
for one year for $2.00.
COUPON.

Editor Bee:—
Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

No.....
Street.....
Town or City.....
.....

BUY THE
NEW HOME
LIGHT RUNNING

SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
ORANGE, MASS.

Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all High-grade family sewing machines

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

ColoredSkin MadeLighter.

For centuries scientific men have been trying to make dark skin lighter colored, not by artificial whitening, but in a natural way. At last the Chemical Wonder Co., of New York, has discovered Complexion Wonder, which does bring a lighter natural color every time it is applied. The effect is not artificial. The lighter color is natural. The effect on the colored countenance is magical. The price of Complexion Wonder is 50c. The Chemical Wonder Co. has another preparation which is indispensable for colored people, as well as white people. It is called Odor Wonder, a toilet preparation which prevents perspiration odor and encircles the body with perfumed daintiness. It will make anyone physically welcome in society or business circles. Our men customers secure better positions in banks, clubs, or business houses. Our women customers advance faster in life. Price of Odor Wonder, $1.00.

Our Wonder Comb will straighten any hair. A heavy comb, magneto-metallic. Will last a life-time—50c. Don't fail to order one. Wonder Grow fertilizes the scalp; supplies nourishment which makes hair grow lengthy; gives the scalp strength which prevent the hair from falling—50c.

Wonder Uncurl—This preparation uncurls knots and kinks and makes the hair pliable, so as to dress well.—50c. We promise that our specialties will do more to advance colored people socially and commercially than showy garments or gew-gaw jewelry.

Delivery free. Applications for agency considered. M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York City, selling agents for Chemical Wonder Company.

Ross & Mundin, 100 20th St., Washington, D. C.
Board & McGuire, 14th St., Washington, D. C.

ME-LANGE

BEFORE USING. SIX MONTHS AFTER USING.

Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and F streets southwest; A. F. Pride. Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

FRANK E. WHITE M'F'G. CO.,
Box 107, East Orange, N. J.
Goods mailed on receipt of price.

BABEK

The Old Reliable Remedy.

For twenty-five long years—a quarter of a century—there has never been a remedy equal to Elixir Babek for Malaria and such miasmatic diseases. Thousands have used it with most gratifying results. Malaria is prevalent now. Do not wait for it to take hold of you. Begin the use of Babek now. 50c Bottles. Your druggist will tell you that Babek is the best thing he sells

for MALARIA, CHILLS and FEVER

Edward E. Thomas. Edward P. Lynch.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

WM. T. NEWMAN & CO.,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
510 O Street Northwest. Prices Moderate.
Carriages for All Occasions.

The Wm. F. Newman & Co. wishes to announce to the public and its friends that they have opened a modern Funeral Parlor at the above address, and are prepared to render nothing but up-to-date service at "Moderate Prices." We solicit your patronage and, thanking you for your former patronage,

We are yours,
[redacted] WM. T. NEWMAN & CO.,
[redacted] Undertakers and Embalmers.
Wm. T. Newman, formerly of Georgetown, D. C.

J. H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.

ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.

TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

J H DABNEY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Hiring, Levery and Sale Stable.

Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street northwest. Main office branch at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727.
Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5.

OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.
Where I can accommodate 50 Horses.
Call and inspect our new and modern stable.

J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.

W. Sidney Pittman Architect

RENDERING IN MONOTONE, WATER COLOR AND PEN & INK

PATENT DRAWINGS DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING BLUE PRINTING

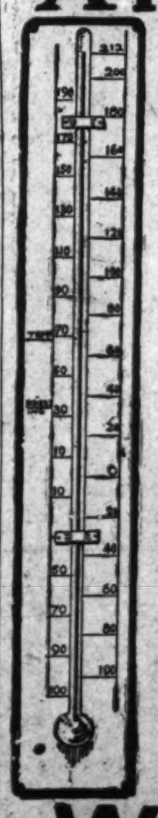
STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.

Phone: Main 6059—M. Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N.W.

Wm. Cannon,

1225 and, 1227 7th Street, N. W.
OLE DISTRIBUTER OF OLD PURI SIM WHISKE

A HIGH DEGREE



OF SATISFACTION IS A RARE THING IN MOST $3.00 SHOES. SHOES AT THIS PRICE USUALLY LACK STYLE OR COMFORT OR BOTH.

THE STYLE OF MORE EXPENSIVE SHOES AND GOOD SOLID VALUE ARE FOUND IN OUR SIGNET SHOE

because of the exceptional attention bestowed on the making. The only cheapness in it anywhere is the price.

A Goodyear-welted shoe, made on several of the season's handsomest lasts, in the most popular leathers.

Looks first rate [illegible] that way every time.

It's worth your while to [illegible] in and look the Signet over, even if you're not ready to buy.

Always welcome.

Wm. Moreland,
491 Penna Ave

HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND. SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT

THE BEE

PUBLISHED AT

1109 Eye St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year in advance	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three months	.50
Subscription monthly	.20

RACES' INDEPENDENTS

The colored Americans of today are confronted with a peculiar leadership. If the present, so-called leadership would adopt and argue the doctrine of Dr. B. T. Washington, conditions would be better. The great trouble with some of the present leadership, is its tendency to get away from the colored race. Some white people may appreciate an amalgamated off-spring. The Bee means an off-spring that crows for white association. The sensible white man recognizes merit and ability to be able to do. The question now is, "What is the power of the present leadership? Where does it begin and how does it exist?"

The President has given colored Americans some good advice. Will colored Americans follow it? So far as the Southern people are concerned, they will not remain so vicious and so inimical to the Southern colored American, if he will make politics an incident and not the direct object of his citizenship. Throughout the entire South, or at least some parts of the South colored Americans are making remarkable progress. In the state of North Carolina, colored citizens have started businesses that commend them to the better and more conservative element of white citizens. The colored man in business is the key note of the race's progress.

Washington, District of Columbia, is the Capital of this great and powerful republic. There are from eighty to eighty-five thousand colored Americans. What have they done and what are they doing? Social functions are the predominating features of their ambition. If they were as successful in conducting a legitimate business as they are organizing social clubs and social functions, what a success this people would make.

The Bee doesn't object to social functions; it merely points out the prevaiing ambition of many of the leading colored citizens of Washington. In many instances character is a secondary consideration. A man who drinks whiskey is often excluded from many a social function, while the thug and libertine are given boss parts.

At a recent meeting of a social club the name of a very distinguished and well known citizen from one of the leading families, was rejected because it was claimed that he got drunk. Many of those who voted for his rejection could not stand muster in a defunct garbage association, and yet the young man was not permitted to attend the social function given by the club. It turned out that the man who made the strongest protest would not be admitted to respectable society. There may be a few young men connected with this association, who can stand the rays of the calcium light and they made the least objection.

The man or woman who finds so many immoral imperfections in others is himself or herself a suspicious character.

Leadership, political and social, needs reconstructing.

LIBERIAN COMMISSION

It has been proposed by the department of state to send a Commission to Liberia for the purpose of investigating the conditions of that black republic.

The question now is, what character of men shall go? The Bee is of the opinion that the state department will select men of the highest character and possessing unquestioned ability. Can such men be found? Men who will do credit to the colored Americans? The Bee feels confident that this country can produce men who will reflect credit upon the nation.

Every nationality has no doubt been assisted by this country in some way. Nationalities that have been of no service to the country, but more of a drawback. The colored American has been loyal and patriotic and have given up their lives to uphold this republic.

The Bee would suggest Dr. Booker T. Washington, as chairman of that commission. He is a man of broad and national experience, who knows the needs of the colored people. Dr. James E. Sheppard, of North Carolina, should be the second member of that commission. Dr. Sheppard has travelled through many parts of Africa and other places of importance, and he also knows the colored man's needs. Dr. Sheppard is highly educated and a gifted writer.

Bishop Abraham Grant, of Indianapolis, Indiana, should be the third member of the commission. Bishop Grant knows the colored man's needs in Africa. He would no doubt, give the true conditions as they exist in the black republic.

With such a commission as The Bee has named, there is no doubt of general satisfaction being given.

DR. CRUM RESIGNED

Dr. W. D. Crum, of Charlestn, South Carolina, has done what he was told to do several months ago. He was told not to make a fight for reappointment, but to remain quiet. Not taking the advice of friends, he persisted in asking President Roosevelt for reappointment, with the result of being turned down by the Senate.

The advice of The Bee is now, for Dr. Crum to retire from politics and pursue the practice of his profession because politics and medicine are bad combinations. Nothing is more injurious to the human system than politics and medicine. It has been rumored that Dr. Crum will seek another appointment.

Why should he? What good has he been to those who helped him before? What good is he to his people? The suggestion of The Bee is that he retire from politics and practice medicine. The people have become sick of the whole business. Two terms in any office should suffice the appetite of anyone.

GRAFTERS

There are individuals in this community who are without visible means of support, who may be seen inaugurating different schemes to fleece people out of money. There is a great need of a strong vagrancy law in this city which would put every individual to work. The most dangerous vagrant is the "pimp," or that class of individuals that make whiskey and other cases against citizens. There is another class of individuals equally as dangerous;the "Capper."

No individual should be permitted to walk the streets without visible means of support.

MR. SCOTT DEAD

The father of Attorney Armond W. Scott, who died at his home in North Carolina this week, was one of the best known business men in North Carolina. No man was more highly respected by all classes of people more than Mr. Scott. A wife and several sons survive him.

The Bee extends its sympathy to the family of its friend, Lawyer Scott.

THE EDITOR'S 49th BIRTHDAY

The Editor of the Christian Index, had his 49th anniversary at "Evergreen" on Monday night, February 15, 1909. There were several distingished friends present beside the employees of the Publishing House, and several valuable presents presented. His birthday came on February 14, (Sunday) so it necessitated him to have his anniversary on Monday night following. This was his first time to celebrate such an occasion. He is not a novice, and at this age has some experience.

From the Christian Index

RACE NEEDS RELIANCE

The movement to establish a national industrial school in the District, with an agricultural school in Maryland adjoining the District, obtained much impetus at two mass meetings held Sunday afternoon and last night at Convention Hall. Senator Heyburn, who is especially interested in the movement, made the talk of the day, in which he spoke of the necessity of such a school for elevating members of the colored race.

The movement to establish such a school for colored boys and girls was launched June 30, 1907, by the Rev. Dr. S. Geriah Lamkins, who presided at yesterday's meetings. Dr. Lamkins announced that he had sucleeded in having three acres of land donated for the trades building, and had purchased 77 1-2 acres of ground in the same district for the agricultural or farm school, to be located at Tuxedo, Maryland. It is improved by an eleven-room house, barn and poultry house, he said; has a number of fruit trees and plenty of woodland, and is well drained.

Easy of Access.

The presiding officer explained that the tract is located on the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads, and is within fifteen minutes walk of Kenilworth car lines. Henry Williamson, who for nine years had had experience in gardening in North Carolina, he said, has been put in charge of the truck garden.

Dr. J. Anderson Taylor and Thomas L. Jones also made addresses, after Senator Heyburn had spoken.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION IN URGENT NEED OF FUNDS

Plans Laid to Collect in Subscriptions in order that the erection of the Colored Young Mens' Christian Association building may proceed rapidly, and without interruption, and in order that the everlasting disgrace of not being able to receive the promised $25,000 of John D. Rockefeller, the officials of the Colored Young Men's Christian Association has organized a plan to collect in subscriptions given by colored men two years ago to the $25,000 fund. Only half of this subscribed fund has been paid in, and this amount was paid without solicitation. It is now necessary to ask the subscribers to pay in, and to this end an organization, known as the Redemption Regiment, with Dr. Cabanniss as colonel, has been organized. There are ten companies in the regiment, each having a captain. Ralph W. Tyler was selected as campaign manager, with title of Secretary of War. Numerous prizes have been offered byDr.Cabanniss to the captain and private who collects the greatest amount of money in. It is to be hoped that the friends of the Young Men's Christian Association, who so generously subscribed, will now pay promptly when the collectors call on them. The money is needed, and needed badly. Don't let the awful disgrace of failure, in this grand effort to erect a Young Men's Christian Association building, be charged up against the Negroes of Washington. The eyes of the country are now on the colored citizens of this city.

RACE PROGRESS

What have we done to earn our citizenship? Education for us began with the Emancipation Proclamation, January 1, 1863, up to which time the illiteracy of the Negro race may be admitted to have been total. This illiteracy had been reduced to 44.5 per cent., or over one half, up to the taking of the last census in 1900, the largest reduction of any one decade was from 1890 to 1900, during which time the reduction was from 57.1 to 44.5 per cent. During the period from the Emancipation Proclamation to January 1st, 1900, in the state of Ohio, where the first steps to educate the Negro were taken, illiteracy of the race was reduced to 17.9 per cent., which shows the rapidity with which we are advancing along educational lines as compared with other countries in which the inhuman institutoin of slavery never existed.

Italy has today 38 per cent. of illiteracy, Spain has 68 per cent., and Portugal 79.2 per cent. These are white countries with centuries of civilization behind them; yet the reduction of illiteracy in the Negro race in the United States during only 45 years of freedom from the master's lash and chains has been much greater than with the people of the countries named.

As an illustration showing the great interest manifested by the Negro race in the United States in educational advancement, I would mention the fact that there are now 40,000 Negro students in higher institutions of learning, pursuing all branches of industrial, classical and scientific courses of studies. Forty thousand colored youths have graduated from secondary institutions of learning and 4,000 from colleges. The race has developed 30,000 teachers, more than 16,000 clergymen, 4,000 musicians, more than 2,000 actors and showmen, more than 1,700 physicians and surgeons, about 15,000 lawyers, 300 journalists, 250 dentists, 236 artists and art teachers, 100 literary persons, 120 civil engineers and surveyors, 82 bankers and brokers and 52 architects. The race has about 200 institutions for higher education in the United States.

In 1904 we owned property amounting to $1,100,000,000. We were operating 746,715 farms and owned 187,797 farms, or 25 per cent. of the total. In the same year we were renting 557,174 farms, or 74.6 per cent. of the total. This is not a bad showing for a race which the South has declared unfit to exercise its rights of citizenship and which is claimed to be a purchasable quantity when it comes to the exercise of suffrage.

In 1900 the farm property belonging to us was valued at $200,000,000, almost $300 for each Negro family. In the state of Georgia we owned, in 1901, 1,200,000 acres of land with an assessed valuation of $15,269,181. The auditor for the state of Virginia, in his report for 1904, says the colored people increased the value of their property in one year $1,054,626, making the value in that year of their total property $19,554,884. More than one-fourth of all the farms in the South are operated by our people.

It is an acknowledged fact that the real backbone of our country is agriculture. We have recognized that fact and more than 2,000,000 of our people are engaged in agricultural pursuits. Nearly 1,500,000 are engaged in domestic and personal service, 275,000 are engaged in manufacturing and mechanical pursuits and 47,324 are engaged in professional pursuits. We have 20,000 churches, valued at many millions of dollars.

What is there in the progress of the race that gives rise to unfavorable comparison with the progress of any people similarly situated? Where is the Negro problem we hear so much about? We have, from the time we were given the right to use our talents, endeavored to be and have been self-supporting and progressive.

Many of us have attained the higher branches of business and professional life. Others have made marked success in agricultural and mechanical vocations, all of which indicates that our aim and progress has been in the direction of independence and good citizenship. No class of men having been given right of suffrage have cherished more affectionately that privilege or used it more patriotically. Compare us with any race and you will find that our progress has been remarkable. With all, we have never demanded that to which we were not entitled. We have asked to be given an opportunity to develop and become good citizens because we are men. Where that opportunity has been given us we have taken advantage of it and proved ourselves to be industrious and patriotic citizens.

We admit there are some bad colored people; but the same rule applies to all other races. There is not a race of people on the face of the earth without its criminal classes. There is one characteristic that stands out above all others as to our race, and that is "the Negro by nature is not vicious like other races." In fact, all the bad traits, and many of the good possessed by our people, were taught us by the white man. However, the great majority of both races are respectable, law-abiding and patriotic citizens. We have much to be proud of as a race; but our greatest and noblest achievements are in the coming years.

W. H. Grimshaw.

LINGOLN PARK FOR THE MEMORIAL

The art commission appointed by the President has reported that the site suggested by some of our citizens on the Union station plaza for the Lincoln memorial would be an artistic misfortune. In this, I as a citizen of Washington, heartily agree., but I understand the commission has recommended that the memorial be placed somewhere near the Washington monument, or at least in that section of the city. I must take issue with the commission, and say that, in my opinion, there is no spot in the District so suitable or appropriate for the location of the Lincoln memorial as our present small but beautiful Lincoln Park, 11th and East Capitol streets. The present statue there is not a fitting memorial. It is so small that it can scarcely be seen a block without glasses. I would suggest that it be moved to cover along with the statue of Washington, which was located for so many years at the east front of our national Capitol, and that a memorial that would be a fitting tribute to the name and memory of Abraham Lincoln be erected in its place.

If we are to look forward and plan an even balanced and harmonlous city for those that are to come, then let it not be said that we who are here now were nearsighted in the proper distribution of our statuary, parks and public buildings. Lincoln Park would act as a sort of a balance to our Washington Monument on the west, and in direct line with the Capitol. For thirty-five years I have longed, watched and waited to see East Washington get something of mention, but up to the present, I am sorry to say, that I have almost waited in vain.

The old Goddess of Liberty must be very weary by this time looking at the Washington jail and the small-pox hospital. There is scarcely anything she can look at of a historical nature since the Washington statue in its nakedness has been removed.

James N. Bradley.

T. M. GREGORY ON THE HARVARD DEBATING TEAM

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 28.—The following men have been chosen by Harvard University to compose the debating teams which will meet Yale and Princeton on March 26: T. M. Gregory, '10, of Bordentown, New Jersey; D. Haar, Sp., of New York city; H. von Kaltenborn, '09, of Madison, Wisconsin; I. K. Lewis 3L., of Rockland, Wisconsin; H. L. Loomis, 3L., of Enterprise, Ohio; L. J. Whiteside, 1L., of Evanston, Illinois; G. L. Lewis, 1L., of Wellington, New Zealand, and C. H. Raymond, '10, of Fort Sam Houston, Texas., were chosen alternates.

Each man made a twelve-minute speech and gave a five-minute rebuttal on the question, "Resolved, that al corporations engaged in interstate commerce should be compelled to take out a federal charter."

The speeches in general were remarkable for the clearness of their arguments and for their thorough treatment of a difficult subject. The delivery was unusually forceful, and yet was natural at the same time.

SCHOOL FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS

A great educational mass meeting will be held at the 19th Street Baptist Church, Sunday, at 3 p. m., March 7, in the interest of the National Training School for Women and Girls. Some of the most prominent leaders of the race, men and women, will be present to participate in the exercises.

Among the distinguished persons from afar who will speak ,are—Drs. C. T. Walker, Augusta, Georgia; A. S. Jackson, Texas; Mrs. M. T. Walker, Richmond, Virginia; Dr. A. R. Griggs, Texas; Mrs. M. C. Terrell, W. Calvin Chase, Mrs. E. M. Jackson, Miss Mattie Bowen, District; Mrs. Lawson, Dr. D. Webster Davis, Richmond, Virginia; Miss M. M. Trimball, Texas; et al.

Our own Miss N. H. Burroughs, who has the supervision of this great movement in charge, will deliver the principal address. Special music will be furnished by the 19th Street choir, assisted by other local and out of town talent.

The public is cordially invited to be present and take part.

This will be one of the most interesting and instructing meetings ever held in the District of Columbia, and every one should avail himself of the opportunity to attend. To stay away is to miss a rare treat.

DON'T CRIPPLE YOURSELF WITH FALSE IDEAS

There's a class of people who always hesitate to use their credit because they imagine it stamps them as needing help.

This may not come from a false pride, but surely shows a mistaken idea of the greatest factor in the business of the world.

Statistics show that ninety-five per cent. of the world's business is done on credit.

A well known writer tells us that "It is impossible that the entire debt of a community could be paid at once." And again, "A great advantage of a capitalist is not altogether his cash but the credit his capital commands."

This last applies as well to the regular income of the workingman. He has just the same right to credit, and the amount is in proportion to his ability and promptness in meeting obligations.

No man need feel ashamed to buy without using cash; rather he may take pride in the fact that his credit allows him to do so. But remember that his credit is a sensitive commodity and will not stand abuse. It always carries a promise on your part and thrives or dies accordingly as that promise is kept or broken.

SALOONKEEPER LEAVES $100 TO BROTHER—$112,000 TO

Kansas City, Feb. 15.—A bequest of $75,000 for the founding of a home for old men and orphan boys; a legacy of $37,000 to the George H. Nettleton home of this city, and individual gifts of $87,000, including two of $10,800 each to a Negro porter, C. Morton, and a Negro housekeeper, Mary Yates, are the chief provisions of the will of Charles Schattner, a pioneer saloonkeeper, filed for probate today. Mr. Schattner's estate is valued at $225,000. A brother, Frederick Schattner, of St. Louis, received $100.

GALBRAITH CHURCH

A great day in Galbraith, Sunday, March 7, at 11 a. m. Bishop A. Walters, A.M., D.D., of New York, will preach. He is one of the best Negro churchmen in the world.

In the afternoon at 3 p. m,. preaching by J. W. Alstork, of Alabama.

At 8 p. m., Bishop A. J. Warner, of Tennessee, better known as "The Swamp Angel," will preach.

Th friends of Zion and the public in general are invited to attend.

Friday night, March 5, there was held in Galbraith African Methodist Episcopal Zion church a reception of Zionites from all over the country, at which time a congress of the Zion pastors was held.

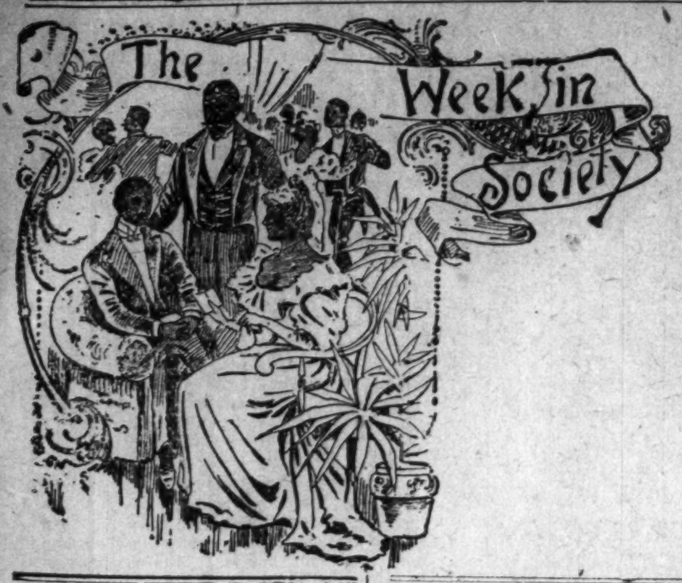
TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

Two noted beauties of New York sat together in the same box at the Opera recently. One had very white skin with pink cheeks and brown hair. The other had light brown skin, pink cheeks and black, glossy hair. Most people thought the light brown woman had the advantage. Both of these women used Complexion Wonder Creme, No. 1, to make the skin lighter and No. 2 (Shell Pink) to give healthy, reddish tint to the cheeks. Every woman who uses this Wonder Creme will be improved if she follows the instructions of M. B. Berger and Co., 2 Rector St., New York. They send either kind of Complexion Wonder Creme for 50c. If you want long, glossy hair, use their Wonder Grow and Wonder Comb.

HOTEL MACEO.

When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Maceo, 213 West 53rd. Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803, Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop



There will be song service at Howard University tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

The following named visitors are the guests of Miss Lucy Shepherd, 1453 Corcoran street, northwest, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Payne, of Baltimore, Maryland; Mrs. Martin Cowdrey and Mr. R. H. Rutherford, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Edward West Johnson, and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Downing, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Charles Scott, a well known business man of White Plains, New York, is attending the inaugural ceremonies. This gentleman is the guest of his brother, Mr. George W. Scott, of No. 1449 Corcoran street, northwest.

Attorney and Mrs. Thos. L. Jones have as their guests Mrs. M. A. Renolds, wife of Dr. Renolds, and Miss L. M. Key, sister of Mrs. Renolds, of Cambridge, Md. They were given an informal dinner last Wednesday evening. Among those present besides the ladies were: Col. W. H. Lester of Ithica, N. Y., and W. Calvin Chase. Mrs. Renolds was formerly the belle of Cambridge. Indeed she has lost none of her maiden beauty. Miss Key is the leading milliner in Cambridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Hearns, of Charlottesville, Va., will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Lucy Fisher, 308 P St., N. W.

Mr. Harry W. Fisher of Keswick, Va., will be the guest of Mrs. Celestine Newton Folk, during inaugural week, 308 P St., N. W.

Mr. Hurly Bavardo, of Baltimore Maryland, is in the city.

Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Anderson, of Chicago, are in the city.

Mrs. May Lee, Mrs. R. B. Bruce, and Dr. James E. Sheppard, of North Carolina, are in the city.

Misses Mary and Isabelle Hughes, of Baltimore, Maryland, are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Cabaniss and Mrs. Russell Boyd, 1742 K street, northwest.

Miss Mary L. Gaines, of Atlanta, Georgia, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. John Herst, 14th and Q streets, northwest.

Mrs. Fernandis, nee Lizzie Hitchens, and Miss Edna L. Hargrave, of Baltimore, Maryland, who have been the guests of Miss Effice M. Middleton, were given a supper last Wednesday night by Miss Middleton, at which a number of her personal friends were present. These ladies have had several social functions tendered them while in the city. They return to their homes next Monday.

Mrs. John Trammell, of 2236 12th street, northwest, entertained on Friday evening in honor of her sister, Miss Carrie Simins, of New York City, who is her guest during inaugural week.

Miss Hargrave and Mrs. E. T. Evans Fernandis, nee Lizzie Hitchens, of Baltimore, Maryland, are the guests of Miss Effie M. Middleton.

Mrs. Willie Euell, of Staunton, Virginia, is in the city visiting her sisters Mrs. Bettie Burns and Mrs. Catherine Brown, of 1524 L street, northwest. Mrs. Euell will leave tomorrow.

Mr. Harry Middleton, of New York City, is the guest of his father, mother, sisters and brothers at 338 C street, southwest.

Board and McGuire are two registered pharmacists. They carefully compound your prescriptions with pure drugs. Call, 14th street, between T and U.

The mock trial at Zion African Methodist church, last Friday evening was largely attended.

If you want first class drugs call and consult Dr. Morse.

Recorder J. C. Dancy returned to the city from Florida, Tuesday morning, where he had been on a visit.

Last Monday evening a very successful old folk's concert was given at Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal church under the auspices of the fair committee.

The distinguished reetor of Epiphany church, Dr. McKim, preached at St. Luke's church last Sunday evening to a large audience.

Tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock the parish choir will give a service of song, under the direction of Mr. William H. Carter, Jr., precentor. This choir embraces an aggregation of competent voices, superior probably to any colored church choir in this city. It contains several able soloists.

Dr. J. E. Sheppard, of Durham, North Carolina, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Lee, 1203 T street, northwest.

Mrs. Mask, of Durham, North Carolina, is the guest of Mrs. Bowman, 2016 Vermont avenue, northwest.

Dr. and Mrs. Dallenger, of North Carolina, and Mrs. L. S. Goldsberg, of Lynchburg, Virginia; are the guests of the Misses Chase, 1109 Eye stree, northwest.

Dr. Booker T. Washington is the guest of his son-in-law, Mr. W. Sideny Pittman.

Miss Effie Middileton, of 338 C street, northwest, has a number of guests from Baltimore, Maryland.

Auditor Ralph W. Tyler has quite a number of visitors from Ohio as his guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Jones are entertaining a number of visitors from Maryland.

Honorable H. T. Eubanks, member of the Ohio Legislature; Mr. Nahum D. Brascher, Editor of The Cleveland Journal; Attorney Thomas W. Fleming and Attorney Alexander H. Martin reached Washington Monday evening from Cleveland, and are the guests of Mr. Benjamin Washington, 936 S. street, northwest.

Dr. W. H. M. McRidley, Editor of the Cadiz Informer, is in the city.

LENTEN ORGAN RECITALS AT ST. LUKE'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Th first organ recital of a series by Mr. Reginald F. Brooks was given Friday evening, February 26, in St. Luke's church; assisting soloist, Mr. William H. Carter, Jr., baritone.

The following program was hendered:

(a) "Adagio." Grimshaw. (b) "Allegretto." Harris, "Abendlied," Brotherton. Baritone, "Golgotha," Couchois, Mr. William H. Carter, Jr. Largo from "Xerxes," Handel. (a) "Meditation," Chamberlayne, (b) "Postlude," Rink.

The next recital will be given Friday evening, March 12 at 8 o'clock. Admission free, and the public are cordially invited The offerings are devoted to a fund for installing a motor to pump the organ.

ZION CONGRESS

Congress of the Zion pastors of the United States convened in Galbraith African Methodist Episcopal Zion church last evening with Rev. Dr. Corrothers as the first president of the Congress. When Dr. Corrothers took the chair he said in part that the time had come for a great spiritual movement among the people of this country. He discussed the necessity of a clean, moral and educational ministry. He discussed the necessity of building parsonages for each church in the connection. He emphasized the fact that a clean and moral ministry was necessary for the betterment of the pulpit. Many of the leading bishops were present.

THE MU-SO-LIT SMOKER

Th Mu-So-Lit Club held a smoker at the Washington Conservatory on the evening of March 4 to entertain visiting guests. Many of the most distinguished men of the nation were present, including Register Vernon, Auditor Tyler, Mr. Terrell, Honorable Charles W. Anderson, of New York, Colonel Marshall, of Chicago, Major R. R. Wright and others.

Dr. W. Bruce Evans presided. The literary gem of the evening was the welcome address of Attorney Louis G. Gregory, of the local hmhmhmr G. Gregory, of the local bar. Impromptu responses were made by Collector Anderson, Colonel Marshall and others. The speech of Mr. Gregory, "The Keynote" of the club, follows:

Mr. Gregory said in part:

That our accomplished president should, in an organization that comprises so much of distinction and worth, select one of its most obscure members to accord our guests a word of welcome may seem somewhat in the nature of a jest. But I can only assure you that the welcome which I here voice, in the name of our club, is full of heartiness and sincerity, however lacking in wit and rhetorical grace.

The Mu-So-Lit Club is essentially an organization of quip and jest; of light and laughter; of song and story; of wit and eloquence; of whist and tobacco smoke. No intoxicating liquors stimulate our brains and darken our councils. Our meetings are sober, yet not grave; enjoyable, but not boisterous. No nightmares throttle our repose and no "morning after" checkmates our toil. After the campaign is over, when the "tumult and the shouting cease," we meet here and talk it over. And yet, if I must tell the whole truth (after the usual custom of lawyers) we sometimes exchange compliments that are out of season. But all profanity is confined to election nights and even then expressed in tones inaudible.

Tonight the politician is abroad. Here at the nation's capital you are doubly welcome. As no man has ever been wise enough to distinguish between the people of Washington and the politicians of Washington, in this city you must inevitably meet your kind. So in this parliament of congenial spirits, forget the jibes and jeers, the slings and arrows, the aspersions of malcontents and the disgruntlements of defeat, all incidental to your labors of love in the public service. For here perennial victory, even the victory of hope, may ever perch upon your banners.

The successful colored American reaches the Heaven of his desires not at a single bound, but slowly, painfully, step by step, after delays that make the heart sick and through perils and difficulties that rankle and rile. He is born in the back-woods, where the worm of prejudice dyeth not and the fires of race hate are unquenchable. He divides his struggle to know with a struggle to live. He works his way through college and triumphs over bone-breaking toil. He is cheered by the faith of the fathers and sustained by the love of noble women. Undismayed by antagonisms, he gains a foothold and thereby becomes the cross of critics. Emulating the valor of St. George, for a time he fights the dragons of insignificance and mediocrity single-handed and alone. But anon he learns wisdom. He becomes a part of the machine; he appropriates a seat upon the band-wagon; and finally, by the grace of God and his own nerve, he attains a local office and a name.

As congenial spirits, as men of common ideals and aspirations, whether or not you have reached the goal, we welcome you to this presence. We welcome you to our beautiful city, in which our pride is pardonable. All that delights the eye, that pleases the ear, that tickles the fancy, that fructifies the mind, that broadens the sympathies and touches the heart, may be found at the National Capital.

We welcome you in behalf of our strong manly men, and our accomplished, sweet and noble women. Of the latter especially I might speak volumes, if the time and occasion permitted. God bless the ladies always. Without them this world would become a wilderness, where the tears of anguish and sorrow were hung on every tree.

We welcome you too, in behalf of our new president. There are members of this club, who, by means of closer contact with him, can speak with greater enthusiasm of his abilities and virtues. With their brlader prospective, they can dscern the right ring in all his utterances and the highest statesmanship and sagacity in all his offical acts. The office of president of the United States is clothed with a power and dignity greater than that of kings. Inherently great, it is great also in the eyes of the people. It is entitled to and should receive the respect and consideration of all the people, whatever their attitude toward its occupants, present, past, or to come, may be. Earnestly do we pray that our new Chieftain brings to his exalted station a clear head and honest heart. In practical achievement, may he surpass all that have gone before. From the hut of the backwoodsman, where the simple life is led and simpler virtues abound, to the stately capitol, where justice is decreed and laws are made; from the lofty pines of the "Fishery State" to the glittering sands of the Golden Gate, may this man embody, typify, reflect and incarnate the loftiest ideals of American fairness and American manhood.

Finally, in behalf of our country itself, of which, as citizens we are bone of the bone and flesh of the flesh, in whose expansion we develop and under whose great aegis we seek protection, we welcome you at its seat of government. Though our institutions are still on trial, there is no room for doubt or pessimism in our economy. Mindful always of the cardinal virtues, our course is steadily toward the sun-lit heights and in our minds' eye we see vistas of future glory. Evolution and revolution make more certain these ample foundations of liberty. For long ere the close of the twentieth century, this country shall have vindicated the truth, taht out of one blood God created all the nations of the earth.

So welcome, friends and brothers, to our hopes but not our fears; to the best we know and the best we have. We give you our hands and with them our hearts. Welcome. Welcome. Ay, thrice welcome.

MR. A. C. HOWARD

MANUFACTURER OF THE A. C. HOWARD HIGH GRADE SHOE POLISHES.

HOWARD POLISH

WHERE TO BUY HOWARD'S POLISH

DEPARTMENT STORES

Sacks and Company; Department Store.
S. Kann and Sons; Department Store.
M. Goldenberg's; Department Store.
George Goldenburg, 463 Pennsylvania avenue; Department Store.

DRUGGISTS

Gray and Gray, True Reformers' Buiding, 122 N street, northwest.
Southwestern Drug Company, Second and H. streets, southwest.
Board and McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th street, northwest.
W. L. Smith, 2201 7th street, northwwest.
Leroy H. Harris, 600 3rd street, southwest.
J. R. Mayer, 4th and N streets, southwest.
L. M. Day and Company, 14th and P streets, northwest.
J. W. Morse, 1904 L street, northwest.
George Murray, 201 D street, southwets.
Napper's Pharmacy, 1846 7th street, northwest.
Marke Pharmacy, 1000 20th street, northwest.
L. M. Singleon's Pharmacy, 20 and E streets, northwest.

JOBBERS

American Barber Supply Company, 1009 E street, northwest.
Tony Daron, Shoe Findings, 1918 7th street, northwest.
George Goldberg, 163 Pennsylvania avenue.
M. Garfinkle, 1117 7h street, northwest.
J. Scheinerman and Son, 1230 12th sstreet, southeast.

GENERAL DEALERS

T. J. Watts, 221 Pennsylvania avenue.
M. A. Harriss, 810 Florida avenue, northwest.
J. Fairfax, 1906 Pennsylvania avenue, northwest.
J. H. Maxwell. Terminal R. R. yards, Pullman Porter's Rooms.
A. A. Viennas, 1115 Pennsylvania avenue.
J. J. Wilson, 635 G street, northwest.
All Towl Supply Companies use Howard's Polish in their outfits.
All Barracks and Forts around Washington use Howard's Polish.
At Holtman's Shoe Store, Pennsylvania avenue.
Arthur Martin, 105 8th street, northwest.
National Shoe Manufacturing and Repair Company, 442 9th street.
W. A. Taylor, 1202 New York avenue.
Robert Harris, 906 11th street, northwest.

We require no money at the time you buy

Are you looking

For the store where you can "do the best" in furnishing a home—where you're certain of qualities—where prices are right—and where the terms will come within your means?

We offer more than any other house in Washington.

Qualities must be RIGHT, or we'll replace the goods. Comparison is all we ask in regard to prices—and no firm will duplicate our terms.

You buy without any money at the time—you sign no contract, lease, or notes—you have an open account and pay a little each week or month.

If "housecleaning" shows a need for Mattings, remember we save you the cost of laying.

PETER GROGAN AND SONS CO.
817-823 7th St.

Prices are marked in plain figures

FILES SUIT FOR MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT

Wednesday last, Mrs Ella B. Walker filed suit in the District Supreme Court for maintenance and support against James T. Walker, a practicing physician. The petition alleges that she and the defendant were married in this city, August 27, 1890, by Rev. W. Scott. She avers that after their marriage she worked hard and constantly and helped the respondent to accumulate property, both real and personal, and greatly aided him while studying medicine at Howard University.

Among other things the complainand avers and charges that for nearly three years the respondent has seldom spoken to her, and when he has spoken, he did so in a rude, harsh manner; that for the same period he has not furnished her any clothing or otherwise provided for her, according to his station in life; she has been forced to work out in service; that on many occasion the respondent has purposely snubbed and ignored her, and made no attempts to conceal his contempt for the complainant, and his studied efforts to humiliate and torture her in the presence of her friends, and the woman or women in whose company he would be; that he forbade her the use of the telephone in their home; has assaulted her on account of the adopted girl, 17 years of age, and not related to either her or defendant; and that at the bottom of all the abuse torture, ill-treatment, humiliation and other acts and things comlained of, is the defendant's avowed purpose, his wilful, inconscionable determination to force and drive complainant from their home so that he can charge her with having deserted him. She further charges that the defendant in no way recognizes or treats her as his wife ,and that although she has a room in the home, to all intents and purposes he has deserted and abandoned her for more than two years past.

The complainant is represented by Attorney W. C. Martin.

MURRAY WINS

Th members of the Inaugural Welcome Club would not stand for any prejudiced white caterer to serve their reception at Convention Hall. Mr. E. Murray, the well known caterer, won after a heated contest. The vote was unanimous.

POVERTY PARTY

The "Poverty Party" given by the "Volunteer Club" (young converts) of the First Baptist Church, Rev. E. E. Ricks, Pastor, was a great success and will enable them to order Hymnals for the church in a few weeks.

Much good has been accomplished, and many deserving poor have been treated at the Dispensary recently opened at this church. The Dispensary is open daily from 12 to 1 p. m. A. W. Tancil, M. D., is in charge.

DIVORCE A MENSA ET THORA GRANTED

In the case of George W. Pinkney, separation, Justice Wright presiding in the Equity Court No. 2 granted the complainant a decree Thursday last. The complainant was represented by Attorney W. C. Martin, and the defendant by Attorney A. W. Scott.

NOW READY

Members of the Negro Business League may obtain a copy of the constitution by paying fifteen cents.

Call or send to W. Calvin Chase, Chairman of the Executive Committee., Bee office, 1109 Eye street, northwest.

E. MURRAY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONS.

OYSTERS IN SEASON.

1216 YOU STREET, NORTHWEST. PHONE. NORTH 908.

TUSKLESS ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskers! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens througout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deers antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formaton that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pasturage for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal befcre being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting Animals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Leduc, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abbattoirs. He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration, so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thus killed. The doctor is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and celerity.

The Shy Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—he who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant smile on his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while traveling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. "As a matter of cold fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kenia forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 127 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 2½d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London Tit-Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

WITH THE "BREAD LINE"

A Thousand Men Are Fed Every Night.

THE BOWERY MISSION

At this Place and at Fleischmann's May Be Found the Men in Actual Need—It is the Aim of These Places to Send Away No Hungry Person.

The two policemen who were standing at the corner of Canal street and the Bowery as I approached them looked me over when they saw I was about to interrupt their conversation. It wa anything but a pleasant night; the coat I had borrowed for the evening was none too thick, and the old shoes I wore were not waterproof. If my abject poverty was assumed, I felt a semblance of the real thing, for I was cold and tired after tramping up and down the muddy streets for an hour.

"Where kin a feller git a cup o' coffee 'r a handout?" I asked.

One of the officers smiled affably. "Two doors up," he said, indicating one of the numerous five and ten-cent feeding places, of which there are one or two in every block in this neighborhood.

"I didn't mean that kind," I replied. "I've got to find a place where there ain't a price on the 'grub.'"

"I guess the bread line at Fleischmann's or the Bowery Mission's the only place, then, Jack," said the officer as he turned his back on me. So I slouched along to 55 Bowery, where a sign in the window, reading, "Bowery Mission—Services Every Evening," indicated that I had found the right place. I looked in the door. The big room, filled with chairs, was dimly lighted, and on the platform at the far end, a man was moving some chairs around.

"Nothin' doin' yet, bo," said a rough-looking fellow. "They don't give ye no grub until 1 o'clock."

This was disheartening, or would have been, had I really needed the food, for it was only a little after eleven. "I'm goin' up ter the bakery," the tramp continued. "Ye git yours at 12 sharp up there."

So we ambled up the Bowery to Eighth street, and from there to Tenth street and Fourth avenue. Already the waiting line extended from the rear door of the bakery around the corner to the entrance of Grace church. I dropped into the procession which in a few moments reached up Broadway to Twelfth street. I had been in the line but a short time when a clock nearby sounded for midnight. The line began to move along and the waiting men on either side of me cheered up a bit. There was very little conversation, however. Now and then some of them muttered curses, and once when a sightseeing automobile stopped at the corner the curses became quite audible.

After the line of waiting men—over 600 in number, as I ascertained—had had their bread and coffee, most of them dispersed, though a few "repeated" in order to get a second helping. A number of them hung around until they could get a chance to ask the manager of the restaurant for work. But there was no chance for any one, though the refusal was not made unpleasantly.

From the bakery I went back to the Bowery Mission.

A thousand men are fed every night at the Bowery Mission—sometimes more. It is the aim at both this place and at Fleischmann's to send no one away hungry, but just now the demand is much in excess of that usual at this time of year.

One sees at these two places the men who are in actual need of food and drink. The street beggars are in nine cases out of ten unworthy of notice. But the man or woman who doubts the distress—the real need of food among the unemployed—should spend a couple of hours at the two places I have described, and he or she will be convinced that there is no lack of opportunity for the offices of the Good Samaritan, and no excessive crowding in the ranks of helpers of unfortunate humanity.

RODERIC C. PENFIELD.

Bronze Statue of Schiller.

The bronze statue of Schiller by Hermann Matzen, which is to be erected in Cleveland by German citizens, has been completed in Berlin. The poet is seated in an arm chair. A Berlin paper is quoted as remarking apropos that "the German who goes to America becomes an American in all that the word implies, but even unto the third generation he is loyal to German poetry and German song."

Good Roads.

Out of the 900 towns in the State of New York, 600 have voted to have their roads built under the Fuller-Plank Act, or, as it is generally called, the money system. The matter is now optional with the towns, but in the opinion of persons who have given the matter considerable attention the idea of making it compulsory is favored.—Good Roads Magazine.

The Erzberg, Austria's iron mountain, will furnish ore for 1,000 more years.

100 LYNCHINGS IN 1908.

What the American Negro Suffers and Yet Continues a Good Citizen—All Victims Negroes Except Seven—Record by States.

The Chicago Tribune which keeps a reliable record on affairs in this country, gives out the following on the number of victims who met death at the hands of mob and lynch law; it is a detailed report of the work of Judge Lynch, and shows that he executed 100 victims in 1908, as against 63 in 1907, showing that his stock is still moving upward and that at all times he is ready for business.

Ninety-three of his victims were Afro-Americans, and 7 were composed of white men. The following makes interesting reading and shows that the South is still the hotbed of mob and lynch law, and that only a very small per cent of thetaromftaofwtya small per cent of the colored men who are put to death by Judge Lynch are guilty of criminally assaulting white women.

The number of lynchings in 1907 was the smallest in 20 years, being but 63. It is not encouraging that the number in 1908 was 100, the largest number since 1903. As the lynching evil is a problem of national interest, the following is appended, showing the annual number for the last 24 years:

1885	184	1897	163
1886	138	1898	127
1887	122	1899	107
1888	142	1900	115
1889	176	1901	135
1890	122	1902	96
1891	192	1903	104
1892	235	1904	87
1893	200	1905	66
1894	190	1906	69
1895	171	1907	63
1896	131	1908	100

The number of lynchings in the various states and territories was as follows: Alabama, 4; Arkansas, 1; California, 1; Florida, 4; Georgia, 16; Illinois. 2; Kentucky, 10; Louisiana, 8; Mississinpi, 1; North Carolina, 1; South Carolina, 1; Tennessee, 8; Texas, 21; Virginia, 1; or South, 97; North, 3.

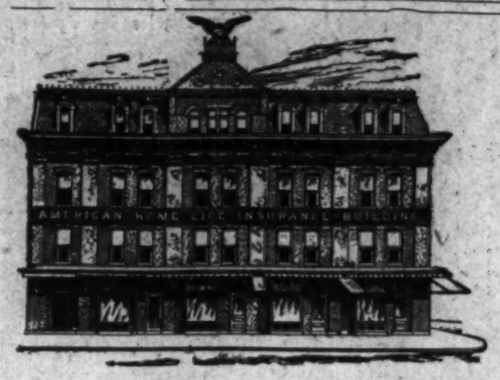
Of the total number 93 were Negroes, and 7 whites. The crimes alleged were as follows: Murders, 34; criminal assault, 12; arson, 5, murderous assault, 6; making threats, 4; expressing sympathy with murder, 4; a colored entertainment, 1; mistaken identity, 1; conspiracy to do violence, 2; race rioting, 2; disappointment at Complicity in murder, 3; suspicions of arson, 3; by night riders, 2; robbery, 1; offensive language, 1; highayman, 1; unknown, 1; insulting white woman, 1;

MORE RACE HATRED

Omaha's race riot discloses to the country at large a hitherto unsuspected source o trouble in the states. In the South the black people are perennially the objects of attack as events bring them into the unfavorable attention of the mob, Out on the coast the racial animosities center on the Japanese and the Chinese. Down in New Orleans on one occasion, now historic, Italians were hunted down like rats by a posse of people, maddened by the murder of a police official. There have been anti-Polish rows here and there and various other nationalities have come in for such unpleasant attentions. Now it is the Greeks who suffer. Considering the cosmopolitan character of our population, the possibilities of race-line cleaveage become seriously extended with each such manifestation of passion.

One of the most sinister features of this Omaha affair is the fact that the riots immediately followed a mass meeting, in the course of which the murder of a policeman by a Greek prisoner was denounced by two of the state legislators and an appeal was made to the race prejudices of the mob. These men, representatives of the community in the law-making body, addressed themselves to the worst passions of their hearers. They are guilty of the most despicable crime in the calendar, that of inciting others to bloodshed and arson. Will Nebraska tolerate such a performance?

The Greeks of South Omaha, according to the dispatches, have been prosperous. They have built up business establishments and have maintained themselves generally in a quiet manner. The news reports mention the employees of the packing houses as being conspicuous in the ranks of the rioters. This suggests that there are labor jealousies behind the race prejudice.—The Washington Daily Star.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO $25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS
PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
FIFTH and G Streets N. W. Washington, D. C

WORTH ADVERTISING FOR.

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating $3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a blanket. If a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes — these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars — will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over thre milions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions tf dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

APPREHENSIONS OF THE BAPTISTS

From the Literary Digest

The Baptists seem to show some fears concerning the permanence of their denominational integrity. It is noted in The Baptist Commonwealth (Philadelphia) that the pastor of the Lincoln Park Baptist Church, West Newton, Massachusetts, has recently resigned to become a pastor of a Congregational church, and the matter is looked upon as "not a mere incident." Last October this pastor, the Rev. Edwin F. Snell, in delivering his address as the retiring moderator of the North Baptist Association, "advocated doing away with baptism by immersion as a prerequisite to membership in Baptist churches." Mr. Snell, it is said, had already adopted the plan with his own church. But his resignation is looked upon as giving up the issue for which he stood. The Baptist journal thinks "the issue ought to be squarely faced" by the church at large, "and some consensus of opinion or conviction secured.." Shall we, or shall we not, it asks, admit to our membership those who have not been immersed upon a profession of faith?

LIBERIA A FAILURE

From the Cumberland Alleganian

Early in the nineteenth century an association known as the American Colonization Society was organized in this country for the purpose of encouraging Negroes to return to Africa. The society was liberally supported by philanthropists the world over. It established a little Republic on the west coast of Africa, and named it Liberia. Many slaves in Maryland, Virginia and other southern states were manumitted on condition that they would emigrate to the little Negro republic that was to test the capability of the Negro for self-government. So long as the society furnished the means, and the government of the United States exercised something like guardianship over it the experiment promised to succeed.

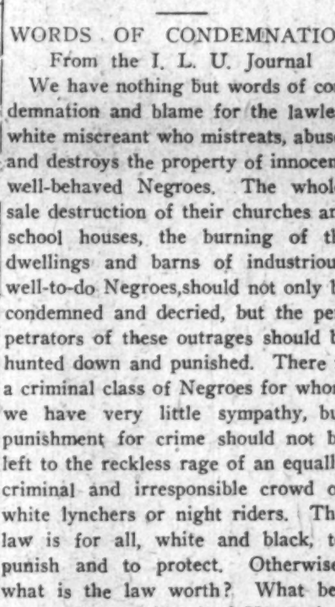
But after going it alone and unassisted for nearly thirty years the Republic of Liberia is going to pieces, and the United States has been called upon to interpose to the end that it may be saved from complete disintegration. For many years the colony has been going backward, and the people have nearly lapsed into the surrounding barbarism it was designed to overcome. As an attempt at self-government by the Negro it is a lamentable failure.

WORDS OF CONDEMNATION

From the I. L. U. Journal

We have nothing but words of condemnation and blame for the lawless white miscreant who mistreats, abuses and destroys the property of innocent, well-behaved Negroes. The wholesale destruction of their churches and school houses, the burning of the dwellings and barns of industrious, well-to-do Negroes,should not only be condemned and decried, but the perpetrators of these outrages should be hunted down and punished. There is a criminal class of Negroes for whom we have very little sympathy, but punishment for crime should not be left to the reckless rage of an equally criminal and irresponsible crowd of white lynchers or night riders. The law is for all, white and black, to punish and to protect. Otherwise, what is the law worth? What becomes of our civilization? Upon what can we depend for the safety of life, liberty and property? Mob violence, lynch law, all disregard for the law, must be put down or we will drift into red-handed anarchy, and be at the mercy of the ignorant and criminal mob.

Mme. Davis,



BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER.
TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.
1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C.
Gives Luck to All.
N. B.—No leters answered unless accompanied by stamp.
N. B.—Mention The Bee.

STRATEGICAL USES OF TAILS.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or an owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance, we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quayle. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quayles in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise.

"They live on Hawk-ave., Eagleville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arcensic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives when sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman smells a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some $400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about $150,000,000; next comes the United States with about $95,000,000; Australia ranks third with some $85,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suds. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have have been used in a city.

Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it is verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Relic.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt ciborium, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for $30,000.

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away with Toll Gates and Brought About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old Association Which Caused the Abolishment of the Turnpike Companies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not been, it is said, a crime of mob violence committed in this State, in Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the Southern States or in any of the Middle Western States in the past several years, with the exception of the occasional lynching of a negro by a mob, that has not been shouldered on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an organized body back in 1900, when the State Legislature passed a law doing away with private ownership of State roads. For months the turnpike corporations refused to obey the State laws. They appealed to the State Supreme Court, then to the Court of Appeals, and lastly to the United States Supreme Court, and on each appeal they would get a stay, which made it possible for them to continue running their toll gates and charging two cents a mile for every horse or vehicle that passed over their property.

Because of the law's delay the condition of the roads became impassible. The owners of the turnpikes would not expend one cent for improvements as long as there was question of their losing their property by a final court decision, but they did not cease to mulct travellers. All this while they refused to accept the fair price offered by the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders were organized. The organization spread from Shelby County to every part of the State, and one night in the late fall men rode from their homes and began burning toll gates. There is no record of a toll gate keeper being injured unless he showed resistance. Then he was taken from the house, and if he continued to be defiant he was flogged. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the tole gate keeper was glad to give up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought the turnpike corporations to terms. There was not a toll gate left standing in the State of Kentucky by the following spring. Had the taxpayers and farmers been contented to allow the law to take its never ending course the chances are that toll gates would still be holding up travellers on the State roads to-day, and that the roads would have been worse now than they were when the Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are among the best in the United States. There are not millions of dollars of watered stock on which to pay interest, and the State tax has improved them and even made it possible for almost all of them to be sprinkled with oil during the summer season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders in the war against toll gates led to an organization of a similar character when the fight was waged against the American Tobacco Company. But out of this last organization there grew a body of violent men, who live on excitement and thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang up, too, lawless bodies of men in many of the Southern and Middle Western States, who chose to call themselves Night Riders, though the probabilities are that 99 per cent. of the men didn't own so much as a horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of Night Riders could be had the chances are that the names of many men who figured in the operations of the old Ku-Klux gang would be found, and if this list were sifted down it would show that many property-owners and men of prominence had resorted to violence because of their belief that action was their only safeguard against ruin, and that a defiance of law had to be met by a like defiance.

Psyche Knot a Life Saver.

Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and dried her hair, Mary Housner, aged twenty-two, did it up in a Psyche knot and walked out on the front porch. While she leaned against the railing it gave way and she was precipitated backward, head first, ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting on her head. The coiffure broke the impact of her head against the flagstones, but she did not entirely escape injury.

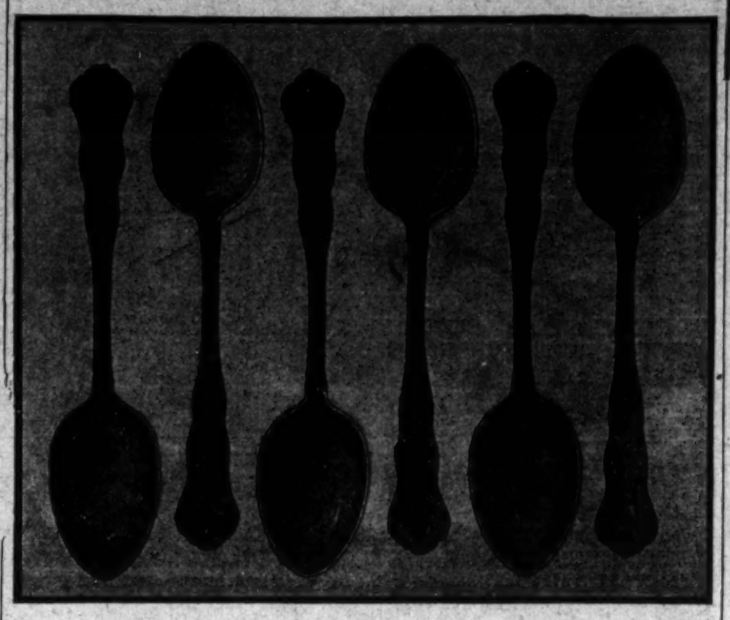
She suffered a slight concussion of the brain, but recovered consciousness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.

Paris, France.—Rochefort seems to be a great town for longevity. Investigation of the records reveals the fact that during the last century from January 1, 1801, to December 31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort attained the age of 90 or over. Two of these were centenarians, one reaching the age of 103, and the other dying at 106.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Spendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed Silver Ware Free to the Washin gton Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal, Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever. Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will bring or mail to The Bee office. one new subscription paid one year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00, for which please send me The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free, postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal Spoons, as advertised.

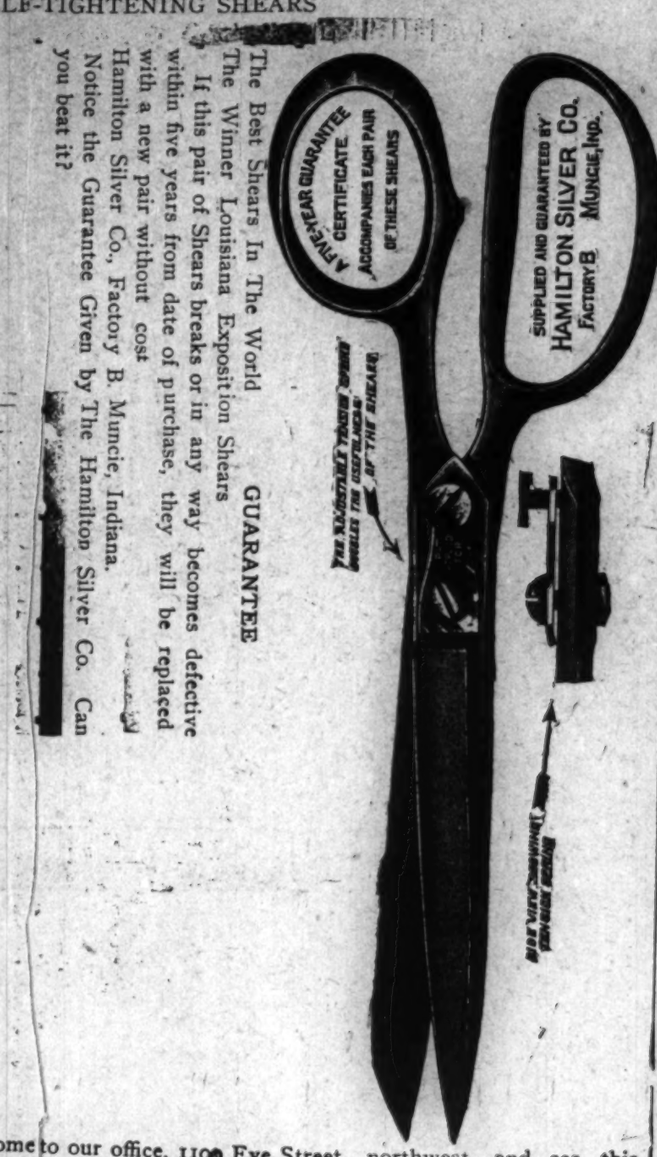
Name .....
Address .....
Name .....
Address .....

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to Women

SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS


A FIVE YEAR GUARANTEE CERTIFICATE ACCOMPANIES EACH PAIR OF THESE SHEARS
SUPPLIED AND GUARANTEED BY HAMILTON SILVER CO. FACTORY B MUNCIE, IND.

The Best Shears In The World
The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears

GUARANTEE

If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced with a new pair without cost

Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B. Muncie, Indiana.

Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co. Can you beat it?

Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this "Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them—if you could the Shears would cost you about $1.50.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,
1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00 for which please send me for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MARKET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE FRESHEST.

SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.

OFFICE

WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

M. HENNESSY

Buffet and Restaurant. The Best place in the city for hot lunches and dinner. 216 Ninth Street. Northwest.

THE MAGIC IS TWO TIMES LARGER THAN PICTURE-IT IS 9 IN. LONG
STEEL HEATING BAR
ALUMINUM COMB
THE MAGIC SHAMPOO DRIER AND HAIR-STRAIGHTENER.
MAILED ANYWHERE IN U.S. $1.00 POSTAGE PAID.
SEND MONEY BY POST OFFICE MONEY ORDER
Address all letters to Magic Shampoo Drier Co. Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. Agnes Smith, 1308 L st reet, northwest, this city, is the agent. Call or send for the Magic Shampoo ad Hair Straightener. 1308 L street. northwest, Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK CANDY KITCHEN, 1506 SEVENTH STREET, NORTHWEST.

SPECIAL CANDIES.

10 CENTS PER POUND, 3 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

MIXED FANCY CHOCOLATES,

15 CENTS PER POUND.

2 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

ICE CREAM

30 CENTS PER QUART, $1.00 PER GALLON.

1506 7TH STREET, NORTHWEST.

E. VOIGT.

If you want something in thhe jewelry line, Catholic Bibles, or anything as a Christmas gift to friends, read the advertisement of E. Voigt in another column of The Bee. This is one of the most reliable places in the city, where you may obtain the genuine article.

Mr. Voigt is a man of the most accommodating disposition. Treat him right and he will do likewise.

HOUSE AND HERRMAN.

If you want to purchase Christmas and New Year household goods, and if you cannot satisfy yourself elsewhere, give House and Herrman a call. This establishment is one of the largest in the city. Theer is no excuse for the housewife; she is in a position to call and make her own selection.

Every husband should see that his wife is stisfied before the beginning of the New Year.

Louis J. Kessel,

Importer of and Wholesale Dealer in

WINES AND whiskies

Sole Owner of the.....
... Following Brands:
Private Stock,
Old Reserve,
Hermit
Oxford,
Tremont

425 TENTH SREET, N. W.
Telephone—Main—160

JAMES H. HUDNELL.

Mr. James H. Hudnell, one of the best known business men in this city has returned to Castleberg's National Jewelry Co., 935 Penna. Ave., N. W. Mr. Hudnell can always be relied upon to give you the genuine article. Now is the time to place your orders before the holidays. Phone. Main 2363.

Address 2009 9th street northwest.

Wm. Cannon

GET THE BEST.

Old Purissima Whiskey is a compound of pure grain and free from harmful impurities. Guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906.

Sold by William Carman, 1225 7th street, northwest. Phone. North, 528.

VELV-INE

WILL GIVE YOU SMOOTH SILKEN TRESSES. THE MOST OBSTINATE HAIR YIELDS TO IT. KEEPS THE SCALP HEALTHY, PREVENTS DANDRUFF AND FALLING HAIR. EASY TO USE. SEND 25 CENTS FOR MONTH'S SUPPLY, PREPAID TO ANY ADDRESS.

M. MAYO—CIRCUIT ROAD, —NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y.

CHAS. H. JAVINS & SONS,
FISH
POULTRY AND OYSTER
DEALERS,
930 C STREET NORTHWEST,
AND
CENTER MARKET.
PHONE MAIN 4480
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DADE'S BUFFET,
Choice
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
Polite Attention
Ladies' and Gents' Dining Room
Meals Served at All Hours
Pool Room Attached
MOSES DADE, Proprietor,
1216 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, D. C.

Things are going in a rush at the drug store of Board & McGuire 1912½ 14th St. N. W. Best up-town store to buy fine Candies, perfumery, cigars and toilet articles, as well as drugs and medicines of the best quality.

AWAITED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of B T. Pratt, Dead from Hunger and Thirst, Found in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I could only find water! I'm suffering terribly from hunger. To-day I ate some green brush, but I can't go any more. I wonder how long it will take to die."

These entries in the notebook of B. T. Pratt, whose body was found on the desert in Inyo county by two prospectors, give pathetic evidence of the suffering the man underwent as he watched the approach of death far from human habitation. The diary also was found by G. W. Lewis and S. E. Shattuck, the prospectors while on a trip through the Argus Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had been dead nearly two months. He was evidently trying to reach the mountains, where he knew he would find food of a sort and water in abundance, but within sight of his refuge he gave out and could go no further. Pratt was sixty years old. The entries in the notebook were scribbled and began only when the man found he was in danger of dying.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I can make Argus," was the entry for August 3, seven days after he had started to cross the desert. "Water gone," told the story of the following day.

For one whole day he went without water or food, but maintained an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed by the following entry for Augut 6:

"Signs of water about half mile ahead. There will be green stuff there too. Will reach it early in the morning." But evidently the desert was playing tricks on him, as it so often does by means of a mirage. Two days later came the two entries quoted first. The last entry reads:—

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county, Cal., July 28. Tom Spratt told me I would perish. I thought I could make it, but got lost, so guess I will have to give in. I have no water, nothing to eat and can't walk. I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Banner Springs, Wyandotte county, Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyoming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and 10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed to be the longest automobile freight and passenger stage line on the continent is in operation between Oroville and Brewster in Okanogan County, Wash., connecting with a steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power cars, which will carry twenty-seven passengers and ten tons of freight, making the run of eighty miles in eight hours. The trip by wagon occupies almost two days. Branch lines will also be established to other points in the Okanogan country. The other line is between Marcus and Kettle Falls in Stevens County, north of Spokakne, connecting with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five and thirty horse power, respectively. F. L. Barney has charge of the automobile line, while Capt. Bruce A. Griggs, a veteran river man, will operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bold Cottontails Destroy Crops on California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits are said to be so numerous in the Antelope valley of California that the ranchmen are in despair. The animals are becoming so fierce that they are actually breaking down the fences around the adjacent fields and eating crops down to the roots. Not content with this, they are swarming into the desert towns and invading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancester turned out recently and made a round-up. They put up a fence across the road between fences surrounding fields on each side and in short time drove in and killed with clubs five hundred jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable combat between a large eagle and a shark was witnessed recently by Captain Henderson and the crew of the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake Bay. When coming out of Occohannock Creek they saw the eagle dive and come to the surface with a shark. Then followed a fierce struggle, the shark pulling the eagle under the water until it was almost exhausted. The fish was finally killed and floated dead on the water.

Members of the steamer's crew put off in a small boat and captured the eagle, although it clawed them repeatedly and its mate, hovering close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting near Grand Marais, Gustav Herbert shot and killed an albino squirrel. It has been presented to James Cairns, of Grand Marais, and will be mounted. Albino deer are occasionally killed in upper Michigan, but this is the first time of which there is record that a white squirrel has been bagged.

LEGAL NOTICE.
P. W. FRISBY, ATTORNEY.
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
HOLDING PROBATE COURT
No. 15560, Administration.
This is to give notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the estate of Albert Dickerson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or beofre the 9th day of February, A. D. 1910; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of February, 1909.

Thomas Dickerson,
823 Second street, southeast.

Attest:

James Tanner,
Register of Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.

Perri W. Frisby, Attorney.

L. M. KING, ATTORNEY
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRIC OF COLUMBIA
HOLDING A PROBATE COURT
No. 15802, Administration.
This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of administration on the estate of James W. Davis, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or beofre the 1st day of March, A. D. 1910, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 1st day of March, 1909,

Mary J. Davis,
1738 New York avenue.

Attest:

James Tanner,
Register of Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.

L. M. King, Attorney.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

By order of the Board of Directors of the WASHINGTON MERCANTILE COMPANY, each stockholder is hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company at the Company's Store, number 300 G Street, Southwest, Washington, D. C., March 15, 1909, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., for the purposes of extending the Company's business: to levy assessments; to increase the number of subscribers to the Company's shares of tock unsold; and to increase the sale of shares of stock to those who are already stockholders,

And immediately thereafter on the same date and at the same place the ANNUAL ELECTION of the Board of Directors of the Company will take place. Each stockholder should be present in person or by proxy. Proxy blanks can be obtained at the Company's Store. Notices have been mailed to each stockholder signed by the Board of Directors.

John H. Lee,
President of the Board of Directors.
Charles A. Robinson,
Secretary to the Board of Directors.
February 8, 1909.
Marion T. Clinkscales,
Attorney for the Company.

ROOMS

Nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms. Hot and cold baths. 2018 Vermont avenue, northwest.

FOR RENT

Furnished room, with steam heat and gas. 1002 26th Street northwest.

Excellent furnished room with hot and cold baths. Centrally located, and and cold baths. Centrally locate, and within one hundred yards of two lines of cars. Address Box C, Bee Office.

FOR RENT

Rooms for rent, with steam heat and gas, 1002 26th street, northwest.

FOR RENT

Rooms. Nicely furnished room with hot and cold water baths. Gentlemen preferred. 1907 13th street, northwest.

Room. Centrally located, near two lines of cars. Quarter of a square from each. Hot and cold baths. Write box C, Bee office.

HOW FALLOWS HEALS

The Bishop's Christian Psychology, What it Is.

NO EDDY SCIENTIST

He Differs from the Followers of Mrs. Eddy in that He Does Not Scorn the Aid of a Regular Physician—In Fact Insists Upon a Doctor's Diagnosis.

Staid orthodox circles in the United States were not a little astounded by the announcement that Bishop Samuel Fallows of the Reformed Episcopal Church had become a rival of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, and set himself up as a "mental healer" of diseases.

Bishop Fallows, however, differs from all other advocates of "mental healing," "faith cures" and the like. He does not scorn the aid of the regular physician. In fact, he insists that all his patients bring a physician's diagnosis with them ,and in all his "treatments" he proposes to have a physician of the recognized school present.

Neither does he call his new cult Christian Science. He designates it as "Christian psychology." He does claim, however, that "Christian psychology" will cure anything that is curable by Christian Science methods, which are, he believes, simply cures by faith on the part of the patient that they will be healed. He declares that this faith cure is practiced by all physicians, and he believes it should be practiced in its highest form by all earnest Christians.

"This is not a new or a sudden fancy of mine," said the Bishop with a whimsical mile. "For twelve years I have been lecturing on physiological psychology at the Bennet Epileptic College. For the last three years I have been making a special study of the relations between mentality and disease.

"I have arrived at the conclusion that mentality when based upon a trust in religion, is a powerful aid toward the cure of all functional nervous disorders.

"I do not go so far as to say that all diseases may be cured by mental suggestion. Organic diseases like cancer and typhoid fever demand the services of a skilled physician. But in every disease the mental attitude of the patient has much to do with his condition, and in all those affections of the mind which might be classified as functional nervous disorders the mental attitude of the patient is the greatest single influence."

The bishop then outlined a few of the diseases which he believed he could cure by Christian Psychology. He included in his list the following.

Hyphochrondria.
Sleeplessness.
Nervous dyspepsia.
Melancholia.
Hysteria.
Drug habits.

Want of self-confidence, irritability, worry, anger, fear, and weakness of will.

"The cure of the grip, I believe," said the Bishop, "can be aided greatly, and perhaps entirely effected by the direct influence of what I may call strengthened mentality. One of the chief factors in the potency of grip is the mental depression into which it forces its victims.

It was last Sunday evening that Bishop Fallows in his sermon announced his purpose to put his belief into practice.

But so great was the confidence of the Bishop that the sick and suffering did not wait for the first Thursday's meeting to receive treatment.

On Tuesday afternoon the Bishop treated his first patient. A janitor named C. P. J. Esnorff could not wait until Thursday afternoon and sought the Bishop in the vestry rooms of the church. He was suffering from a disease of the eye and was anxious for relief. He told the Bishop that medicine had failed to afford him any help.

Esnorff sat down and listened while the Bishop told him that he had two minds—the conscious and the sub-conscious—and how they contained the force that was to drive the stickness out of his eyes.

He then instructed Esnorff and let him go. The patient went away declaring he felt 100 per cent petter—that the Bishop's talk had effcted a wonderful improvement.

The Bishop hopes to enlist all the churches in the country in this movement. He explained this purpose in the sermon in which he first made his announcement. He said:

Christian psychology uses every curative agency in the world of nature as an aid to the powerful influences of suggestion and auto-suggestion for mental and physical health. It unites the physician with the clergyman in the great work of healing. It aims to give the physician trained men and women to ahssist him in his ministry to the sick and suffering.

"It is along these lines that the Boston Emmanuel Church movement has been carried on for more than a year by the Rev. Dr. Worcester and the Rev. Dr. McComb. The ablest neurologists of Boston and New England are heartily cooperating with them. The results have been most encouraging.

Moselblumchen
—An excellent quality wine. Imported in wood. Our own bottling. $7 doz $7.50 24½ Bottles.
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Quality House 909 7th St. Phone M 4[illegible]

CHANCE TO BUY A
PRINCESS DRESSER For $16.75
HOUSE AND HERMANN
No piece of furniture is more useful in a lady's Dressing room than a Princess Dresser. The long mirror gives a full length view of a costume. This Dresser in American quartered Oak, full swell front, and with French bevel plate mirror, is a January special bargain at the price above.
When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE AND HERRMANN
7th and I (Eye) Sts. N. W.
Convenient Credit Terms Arranged.

Straighten Your Hair
DEAR SIRS:—I have used only one bottle of your pomade and now I would not be without it, for it makes my hair soft and straight and easy to comb and also starts a new growth.
MRS. W. F. WALKER, Sta. 1—Harriman Tenn.
Ford's Hair Pomade
(Formerly known as Ozonized Ox Marrow)
Fifty years of success has proved its merits. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade makes stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly-hair straight, soft and glossy and easy to comb, and arange in any style desired consistent with its length.
Removes and prevents dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off and gives it new life and vigor.
Absolutely harmless—used with splendid results even on the youngest children.
Delicately perfumed, its use is a pleasure, as ladies of refinement everywhere declare.
Ford's Hair Pomade has imitators. Don't buy anything else alleged to be "just as good." If you want the best results, buy the best Pomade—it will pay you. Look for this name
Charles Ford Pres
on every package.
If your druggist cannot supply you with the genuine, we will send you
One bottle regular size for - - - $.50
Three bottles " " - - - 1.40
Six " " - - - 2.50
One bottle, small " - - - .15
We pay postage and express charges to all points in U.S.A. When ordering send Postal or Express Money Order. All orders shipped promptly on receipt of price. Address
The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.
153 East Kinzie St. Chicago, Ill.
FORD'S HAIR POMADE is made only in Chicago by the above firm.
Agents Wanted Everywhere.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG STORE,
316 Four-and-a-half Street, S. W.,
As usual, invites the public to visit his
MAMMOTH STORE
Stocked with everything in the Drug line. Easter offeings in every design. Pure drugs, Presciptions carefully compounded.
RICHARDSON'S DRUG

THOMAS J. CALLOWAY,
Attorney at Law.
494 Louisiana Avenue,
Washington, D. C
General Pracitce. Phone M 2404
Prompt and Careful Attention to All Matters.
TRY HIM.

HOLTMAN'S
OLD STAND
FINE BOOTS AND SHOES
491 Penn. ave., N. W.
OUR $2.50 AND $3 SHOES ARE THE BEST MADE.
SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.
WM. MORELAND, PROP.

J. D. O'CONNOR,
Union Bar, and Union Goods.
Yellow Keystone Pure Rye Whiskey.
J. D. O'CONNOR'S BUFFET,
Cor. Seventh and P Sts. N. W.

Tel. Lincoln 2969
SIGNORA ANNIE FAZZI
All kinds of hair cleaned
Wigs, braids, pompadours, puffs, and curls made to order.
801 East Capitol St., Wash, D. C.

THE ONLY UP TO DATE HAIR DRESSING PARLOR IN THE CITY FOR COLORED LADIES. SCALP AND HAIR TREATMENT. ELECTRIC FACIAL AND SCALP MASSAGE. MANICURING, SHAMPOOING, ELECTRIC HAIR DRYING.
HAIR CULTURE A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK DONE IN SEPARATE APARTMENTS.
DAVIS & THORN,
1403 & 1405 T STREET NORTH WEST.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, GUNS, MECHANICAL TOOLS, LADIES' AND GENTS' WEARING APPAREL.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT.
UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.
361 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Why pay 10 percent when you can get it for 3 percent?
H. K. FULTON'S LOAN OFFICE,
No. 314 Ninth Street N. W.
Loans made on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.
If you want to buy a good watch diamond ring, or jewelry of any kind, look at our stock first. You can save money.

WANTED.
We have an exceptional proposition to offer a Genteel colored man who has extensive acquaintance among departmental and District Government employees. Address Box C, Bee 1109 Eye St., N. W.

Is Your Hair Beautiful Soft, Silky and Long?

Does it comb easily without breaking?
Is it straight?
Does it smooth out nicely?
Can you do it up in any of the charming styles, so it will stay, and make you proud of it?
Is it long and full of life?
If you cannot say YES to all of the above questions, then you need
Nelson's Hair Dressing
NELSON'S HAIR DRESSING is the finest hair pomade on the face of the earth for colored people. It makes your hair grow fast; it makes stubborn, kinky and tangled hair as soft and supple as silk. It makes it healthy. It keeps it from splitting or breaking off. It makes it rich and gives it that charm so longed for by all true ladies.
Use Nelson's Hair Dressing and you'll never have dandruff. Your head will keep clean. The roots of your hair will have the necessary amount of oil. You will never have scalp disease. You will be delighted with its delicate perfume.
Nelson's Hair Dressing is put up in handsome four-ounce square tin boxes, like the lady holds in her hand. Druggists and agents everywhere sell it at 25 cents a box. If you can't get it, send us 30 cents and we will mail you a full size box postpaid. Go and buy it now, or sit right down and write us. Address
NELSON MANUFACTURING CO., Richmond, Va.
Live Agents Wanted Write Quick for Terms.

DR. MORSE'S DRUG STORE THE PALACE OF WEST END
WHY WAIT?
Never purchase inferior drugs. Always patronize a first class and up-to-date pharmacy, to have your prescriptions compounded. Use the best and purest soaps. Purchase fresh toilet articles. They can be obtained at the drug store of Dr. Morse.
Everything in the drug linemay be found in Dr. Morse's drug store.
Dr. J. W. Morse. 1904 L Street, Northwest.

Committee Of Twelve

Any one may obtain a copy of any of these publications now in print by writing to the Secretary of the Committee of Twelve, Hugh M Browne, Cheyney, Pa., and enclosing for each publication desired a two-cent paper wrapper addressed to himself.

*Out of print.

* To the Colored Men of Voting Age in Alabama.
Can the South Solve the Negro Problem?
Carl Schurz.
Why Disfranchisement is Bad.
Archibald H. Grimke.
* Voting Instructions to Maryland Voters.
* What a Colored Man should do to Vote.
Garrison Centenary Leaflet.
Slavery and the Race Problem in the South.
Hon. William H. Fleming.
The Atlanta Riot.
Ray Stannard Baker.
The Negro in America.
Andrew Carnegie.
Articles now in Press.
Address before the North Carolina Society in New York.
William H. Taft
Work of the Colored Law and Order League of Baltimore, Md.
James H. N Waring.
Study of the Negro's Progress in Jackson, Miss.
D. W. Woodard.
In Preparation.
Negro Self- Help in Education.
R .R. Wright, Jr.
Negro Self-Help in Home Getting.
Kelly Miller.
The Convict Lease System.
George W. Forbes.
Negro Self-Help in Hospital Work.
George C. Hall, M . D.
Paragraphs.
East Bessemer, Alabama. Negro Banks in Mississippi.
Some Successful Negro Business Men.
Business Cooperation between White and Negro Men in Helena, Arkansas.

In round numbers the circulation of the above articles has reached 100,000.

N. B. Wigginton
Telephone Linc'n 248
N. B. WIGGINTON
(Twenty years with the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n.
First Class Modern Prices
THE ALWAYS BUSY BUFFET
"Don't Worry"
The best is none too good for you
I have it
532 Eighth Street, S. E.
Washington D. C.

Phone. Main 7094
Residence; 310 Elm Street, Northwest.
I sell and rent houses.
JABEZ LEE.
Law, Loans and Real Estate.
619 F Street, Northwest,
Washington, D. C.
With John C. Keelan.

OLD MADE NEW.
If you want your clothing cleaned, altered or repaired, you should send a card or call at the up-to-date repair establishment. All work guaranteed or money refunded.
J. C. Colvin,
Proprietor,
614 D street, northwest.

SAN ANTONIO THE MECCA.
Dr. G. J. Starnes, a member of the recent International Congress on Tuberculosis, Washington, D. C., and a specialist on all lung and chest diseases, in addition to the use of Compound Oxygen, Compressed Air, and the Nebulizer, is using the best remedies introduced at that Congress, by the leading medical men of the profession.
He is located in San Antonio, Texas, the city designated by the World's Medical Congress in 1896, as one of the best for people suffering with any form of lung trouble.
Address 324 W. Commerce Street.

Phone, Main 2524.
ROBERT ALLEN,
BUFFET AND FAMILY
LIQUOR STORE
1917 14th St. N. W.,

Visit The Best
One of the leading places in the city is that of Samuel G. Stewart, 1141 Seventh street northwest (between L and M streets), Washington, D. C.
Wines, Liquors, etc.
Phone, N 4117.

THE BEST IN TOWN
Buy your butter and eggs from the Elgin Creamery, 9th and Louisiana Avenues, northwest.